

## WE'RE BUSY

You want to know why we are busy?  
The reason is because we are hustling  
every minute to give our customers

## Good Service

This means nice, juicy meats, prompt  
waiting upon and quick delivery, and  
also an assurance that their meats come  
from a market that is scrupulously clean  
and sanitary.

On and after June 15, all dealings will be  
for CASH ONLY

## MILK'S MARKET

F. H. Milks

Phone No. 2

## PETERSEN'S GROCERY

Always Reliable with

High Grade Coffees and Teas  
The Leading Brands of Cheese  
The Highest Quality of Canned Goods  
Cleanest and Best Assorted Stock  
of Groceries in the City

We are constantly seeking after any new things that  
may come out and if there is anything you  
want in high class groceries you  
will find it here. Phone 25

## H. Petersen, GROCER

CIRCUS AND WILD WEST COM-  
ING.

Will Exhibit Here June 18.

A special feature with the LaTena  
Big 3 Ring Circus and Wild West  
Show which will exhibit in Grayling  
Monday, June 18 will be the two score  
cowboys and cowgirls who present a  
complete exhibition typical of the far  
West. This feature in itself is well  
worth the price of admission but is  
given in conjunction with the other  
extraordinary matchless unrivaled  
programme of startling, sensational  
and thrilling feats of skill, daring,  
courage and strength.

A big free street parade with many  
open dens of wild beasts will leave  
the show grounds at noon on day of ex-

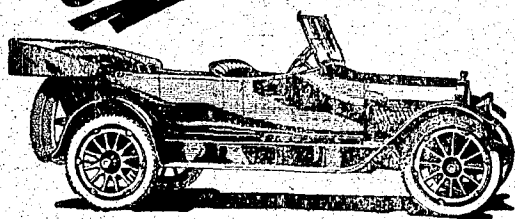
hibition. The grand glittering pageant  
with its many open dens of animals  
is worth going to see.

Two exhibitions are given daily.  
Afternoon at 2; Evening at 8. Doors  
are open one hour earlier.

## Sour Stomach.

This is a mild form of indigestion.  
It is usually brought on by eating too rapidly  
or too much, or of food not suited  
to your digestive organs. If you will  
eat slowly, masticate your food thor-  
oughly, eat but little meat and none at all  
for supper, you will more than likely  
avoid the sour stomach without taking  
any medicine whatever. When you  
have sour stomach take one of Cham-  
berlain's Tablets to aid digestion.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AVALANCHE.

Oldsmobile  
19th Year

As an automobile purchaser you are interested in just six things:  
Appearance, Reputation, Durability, Performance, Service, Price.

## APPEARANCE

The Oldsmobile Eight is as neat and  
trim as a deer. It is distinctive in  
every line; it attracts attention every-  
where. Its 17-coat luster finish,  
beautiful trim and luxurious upholstery  
make it a car you will be proud to  
own.

## REPUTATION

The name "Oldsmobile" in itself is a  
guarantee. The car is built by a fac-  
tory organization of trained men, many  
of them nineteen years in Oldsmobile  
service, who have a knowledge only of  
the construction of a high-grade car.  
By reason of increased production and  
the elimination of well known ex-  
travagance, over one hundred high-  
grade automobiles are created daily  
under the same rigorous standards and  
inspection which have always been  
associated with the name "Olds-  
mobile." Where else, indeed, would  
one look for a car enjoying the con-  
tinuous favorable reputation accorded  
the Oldsmobile?

## DURABILITY

The same high standard of material  
and workmanship exacted through all  
these years of quality building is fac-  
tored into the Oldsmobile Eight. Oldsmobile

reputation is a veritable bond to you  
for honest product and durability. Its  
prestige is built on years of creditable  
road operation.

## PERFORMANCE

Remarkable flexibility, fascinating  
smoothness of overlapping power im-  
pulses, abundance of reserve power,  
rapid acceleration from snail's pace to  
limited speed, freedom from vibra-  
tion—all characteristic of the eight-cylinder  
construction—are perfected to highest  
degree. The comfort of the car is a  
revelation; the resiliency of the springs  
and Marshall cushion comfort uphol-  
stery contribute riding qualities un-  
known in cars of the same price class.

## SERVICE

A twelve months' guarantee is back of  
each Oldsmobile. Service stations will  
be found everywhere. The accessibility  
of the eight-cylinder motor enables  
quick access to working parts and at  
a minimum expense. Likewise all  
mechanical units are readily get-  
table.

## PRICE

Not several thousands or some other  
prohibitive amount, as demanded for  
most cars of its quality class, but  
simply \$1367.00 f.o.b. Lansing.

OLDS MOTOR WORKS  
LANSING, MICHIGAN  
Established 1880 Incorporated 1899

A. M. LEWIS, Dealer

Phone 18

GRAYLING, MICH.

## 290 YOUNG MEN REGISTER

TUESDAY WAS BIG  
DAY FOR GRAY-  
LING.

STREET PARADE, SPEAKING,  
ORGANIZATION OF COUNTY  
RED CROSS MARK DAY'S  
HISTORY.

Those who may have forgotten that  
Tuesday, June 5, was Registration  
day, were quickly and emphatically  
reminded when at 7:00 a. m. the blowing  
of factory whistles and ringing of  
church bells heralded their messages  
that the time had arrived.

The registrars—Supervisor Bates,  
Township Clerk Harry Hill and Vil-  
lage Clerk T. P. Peterson, were al-  
ready at the Town hall and promptly  
at the appointed hour the work of re-  
gistration in Grayling township began.  
Frank Sales was number one and the  
above clerks followed with receipts  
No. 2 and 3.

Thru the courtesy and patriotism of  
the ladies of the W. R. C. arm bands,  
size 2x17 inches, were provided and as  
each young man was handed his re-  
ceipt he was decorated with one of these  
badges of honor pinned around his  
left coat sleeve.

Computing on a basis of 25% of the  
voting strength in the township it was  
estimated that in Grayling there would  
be about 150 to register, however be-  
fore the noon hour this mark was passed  
and at the time for closing—9:00 p.  
m., the magnificent number of 290 had  
been reached.

At 3:00 p. m., a parade composed of  
the Grayling band; about sixty of the  
registered men, wearing arm bands;  
school children and a long line of au-  
tos, all headed by the marshal of the  
day, Charles Amidon, left the school  
house. They passed to the South side  
school where they were joined by other  
children, thence across to Cedar  
street to the business section of the  
city.

Immediately after the parade, the  
crowd assembled about the corners of  
Michigan avenue and Cedar street  
and listened to two fine patriotic  
speeches by Mayor T. Hanson and by  
Ward N. Choate, of Detroit. Mayor  
Hanson expressed his appreciation of  
the loyalty and patriotism exhibited  
by his home people that day, and said  
it was the greatest day in the history  
of our city. His splendid words of pa-  
triotism roused the spirits of those  
about him to a higher sense of loyalty  
to our country and the flag.

The other speaker, Mr. Choate, of  
Detroit, is chairman of the state speak-  
ers bureau in the cause of the Liberty  
Loan. He happened to be in the city  
in relation to the Bond loan and re-  
sponded readily to an invitation to  
speak to our people.

His words held his audience's undiv-  
ided attention. He poured forth his  
message of how it became necessary  
for America to enter the war, and of  
the ready response from the people  
that they were ready to back the Pres-  
ident's declaration with their lives, if  
necessary. He painted word pictures  
of some of the atrocities of the Ger-  
man armies in Belgium and France.  
His words of denunciation of Kaiser  
Wilhelm, the king of Austria and em-  
peror of Germany, could not but help  
to arouse the spirit of his listeners and  
promote the desire to arm and RE-  
OFF. The imperial rulers of the  
once wonderful German nation have  
dragged their proud kilt in the dust  
and smeared it with the blood of sons  
or the noblest nations of the earth.  
Surely if there be an eternal Hell,  
Kaiser Wilhelm and his imperial staff  
will be incarcerated there forever;  
and may the walls of the millions  
who have been made to suffer thru the  
vile practices of his armies be forever  
ringing in their ears. Were there ever  
such monsters before on Earth? The  
people—the German people, are equal  
sufferers with the rest of the nations,  
and are to be pitied.

The young men wearing arm bands  
came in for much deserved praise.  
They responded nobly to the call to  
register and no doubt if the draft  
comes, each and every young man  
who registered in Grayling and Craw-  
ford county, will meet it bravely and  
willingly. Before the world can be  
better there must yet be much blood  
spilled, but in the interest of humanity  
we will make the sacrifice.

Both Mayor Hanson and Mr. Choate  
were frequently applauded during  
their remarks.

The meeting at the school house at  
7:30 that night for the purpose of or-  
ganizing a Red Cross chapter for  
Crawford county brot out a magnif-  
icent audience. It seemed that the  
people were so full of the spirit of the  
day that they just simply couldn't  
stay away. It was a splendid gather-  
ing.

The meeting was called to order by  
Mayor T. Hanson and opened with  
prayer by Rev. J. J. Riess.

Matters started right off in a busi-  
ness kind of way. Mayor Hanson was  
made temporary chairman and Mrs.  
Olaf N. Michelson temporary secre-  
tary. Committees on by-laws and for  
the nomination of a board of directors

were named and while these were  
making out their reports splendid  
talks were given by Lieut. C. M. Col-  
eague, who is at the Hanson State  
military reservation, by order of the  
war department. Among his remarks  
he mentioned the personnel of the  
present day army of this country.  
The rough element of olden days is a  
thing of the past while today there are  
some of the finest young men that one  
might care to associate with, drilling  
in the ranks.

Mr. Choate, who spoke in the after-  
noon, gave a fine lecture on the Red  
Cross. He told of its inception and of  
its slow process of development. It  
began in Switzerland in 1857 and it  
was as late as 1882 before the Red  
Cross was a national affair in this  
country. Today the Red Cross is or-  
ganized in practically every city in  
the land. In Michigan within another  
week it is expected that there will be  
an organization in every county.

The story of the Red Cross, as told  
by Mr. Choate, is beautiful. Its work  
is one of mercy, and in war times has  
become indispensable. We hope to be  
able to publish more details as to the  
workings of this organization in some  
later edition.

After the closing of the addresses  
the committees appointed early in the  
evening made their reports. Suitable  
by-laws were adopted and also a board  
of directors, nominated. The latter  
are:

Hans Petersen, Grayling.  
O. P. Schumann, Grayling.  
Mrs. Geo. L. Alexander, Grayling.  
Mrs. S. S. Phelps, Grayling.  
Mrs. Olaf N. Michelson, Grayling.  
Mrs. L. J. Kraus, Grayling.  
Mrs. Thos. Cassidy, Grayling.  
T. W. Hanson, Grayling.  
Marius Hanson, Grayling.  
Dr. S. N. Insley, Grayling.  
Chas. Craven, Frederic.  
James F. Knibbs, Maple Forest.  
Frank E. Love, Beaver Creek.  
James E. Kellogg, Lovells.  
Oliver B. Scott, South Branch.

The directors thus elected held a  
meeting later and elected as permanent  
officers, T. W. Hanson, chairman;  
Mrs. L. J. Kraus, Vice chairman; Mrs.  
Olaf N. Michelson, secretary and Mari-  
us Hanson treasurer.

## Commencement Week.

Next week is commencement week  
for our local high school. The baccalaureate  
address will be delivered by  
Rev. J. J. Riess on Sunday evening,  
June 10, at seven o'clock. This func-  
tion should have a large attendance.  
It is worthy of much more recognition  
than it ordinarily receives. You are  
assured that you will hear a good ad-  
dress. On Tuesday evening will occur  
the annual Class Day exercises.  
These are always good and we shall  
have a crowded house as usual. The  
commencement address will be given  
by Dr. S. Arthur Cook of Sault Ste.  
Marie, on Wednesday evening. Sub-  
ject, "The Educational Ideal." Dr.  
Cook is not only an orator of note but  
he is also the author of several books.

Mothers are asked to leave their  
babies at home. These exercises are  
too important to be disturbed by the  
crying of children. We must have  
the very best of order. Children under  
twelve years of age are requested not  
to attend unless accompanied by par-  
ents. Persons found loitering about  
the corridors will be considered as dis-  
turbances and will be treated accord-  
ingly.

In order to accommodate all who de-  
sire to attend you are asked to sit two  
in a seat as far as possible. Each re-  
served seat ticket is good for two per-  
sons. Clark's orchestra has been en-  
gaged for Tuesday and Wednesday  
evenings. On each of these two even-  
ings a collection will be taken up for  
the benefit of the Red Cross society.

The exercises will all be held in the  
school auditorium and will begin at  
eight o'clock except on Sunday even-  
ing. The public is very cordially in-  
vited to attend these various exercises  
which mark the close of the school  
year.

## CLASS ROLL.

Mildred Corwin, Belle Maxson, Anna  
Peterson, Axel Peterson, Carl Doron,  
Howard Granger, Frank Shanahan,  
Arthur Karpus and Russell Lewis.

## May Still Enlist in Regulars.

In order to clear up some apparent  
misunderstanding in the minds of  
young men thruout western Michigan,  
will you kindly give wide publicity to  
the fact that the War department has  
wired this office that even tho a man  
has been registered under the Regis-  
tration Act, he may yet volunteer for  
the Regular army up to the date he is  
drafted. After he is drafted, we can-  
not accept him for a voluntary enlist-  
ment in the Regular establishment.

One main advantage in enlisting in  
the Regulars is that men are allowed  
to choose the branch in which they  
wish to serve provided vacancies exist  
in that branch.

PIANO TUNING—Expert work, have  
tuned over 1,000 pianos and can  
guarantee satisfaction every time.  
Also Piano repairing. C. F. Burns.  
Leave orders at C. J. Hathaway's  
Jewelry store, Grayling, Phone 1273.

## SWEENEY-SIMPSON.

An early June wedding was that of  
Miss Margaret Sweeney, only daugh-  
ter of Mr. and Mrs. James J. Sweeney  
of this city, and Mr. Ebenezer Simp-  
son, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs.  
Walter Simpson of Holyoke, Mass.,  
who were united in marriage. Monday  
at high noon at St. Mary's parsonage.  
Rev. Fr. J. J. Riess performed the  
ceremony, and the only attendants  
were Miss Carrie Loskos and Mr. Leon  
LaMotte.

Immediately following the ceremony  
the wedding party went to Shoppeneau-  
gon's Inn where a splendid four course  
dinner was served. Mr. Andrew  
Simpson, a brother of the groom of  
Holyoke, Mass., was an out-of-town  
guest.

The happy young couple will make  
their home in Grayling, where Mr.  
Simpson has a good position at the Du  
Pont company plant.

## Juniors Give Pretty Annual Affair.

The Social affairs of the school se-  
son were brot to a close last Friday  
evening, when the Senior reception  
and banquet was given by the Juniors.

This was a pleasant and very pretty  
affair. The banquet was served at  
6:00, and the guests included, the  
members of the Board of Education  
and their wives, the faculty and the  
members of the Senior and Junior  
classes. The color scheme of the din-  
ner table was carried out in red and  
green. Large vases of red carnations  
adorned the centers of the table, which  
were lighted by library lamps. Clark's  
three piece orchestra furnished splen-  
did music during the dinner. Supt.  
A. A. Ellsworth acted as toastmaster,  
and each member of the school board,  
and faculty responded to toasts, as  
well as the presidents of both classes,  
Arthur Karpus of the Senior class,  
and Roy Case of the Juniors.

At 8:30 the guests went to the gym-  
nasium, where dancing was enjoyed  
until 12:30 o'clock. To this many  
were invited and a very pleasant even-  
ing was had. Misses Landra Nielsen  
of Flint, Grace Carpenter of Detroit,  
and Mr. Earl Cady of Lansing were  
out-of-town guests.

Michigan Food Preparedness Com-  
mittee.

The Michigan Food Preparedness  
committee have requested the Agri-  
cultural agents to appoint a County  
committee in each county composed  
of three from each township with the  
Supervisor at the head together with  
the Mayors and Village presidents.

This committee is purely honorary  
and it is not expected that the time of  
the members will be utilized to any  
great extent, except in the matter of  
answering an occasional letter and  
supplying the Agricultural agent with  
such information as may be in their  
possession relative to the wants in  
their various localities as to seed, la-  
bor, etc.

However it may become necessary  
to call on the men composing the com-  
mittee for more than this as time goes  
on, and it is felt that the committee is  
made up of men whose patriotism is  
of the highest order, and that if ne-  
cessary they will not hesitate to go  
out of their way in order that "no act  
or thing may be omitted to cause the  
land to produce more food."

The Agricultural agent for this  
County is Wm. F. Johnston of Ros-  
common, and he will welcome com-  
munications of the wants of the vari-  
ous neighborhoods. This is especially  
true regarding labor for harvesting  
which is the next great thing before  
us. He has lists of men who want to  
work on farms in Michigan. Of course  
these men will have to have steady  
work as they will be brot from a con-  
siderable distance. One man from  
Brookport, N. Y. has already been  
placed in this county.

The following are the names and  
addresses of the various members of  
the Crawford County committee.

## Crawford County Committee.

BEAVER CREEK TOWNSHIP.  
Sup. Frank Love—Roscommon.  
Homer G. Benedict—Grayling.  
Arthur Kile—Roscommon.

CITY OF GRAYLING.  
Mayor T. W. Hanson—Grayling.  
Allen Failing—Grayling.  
John Niederer—Grayling.

FREDERIC TOWNSHIP.  
Sup. Charles Craven—Frederic.  
E. Forbush—Frederic.  
J. A. Kalahar—Frederic.

GRAYLING TOWNSHIP.  
Sup. M. A. Bates—Grayling.  
John Stephan—Grayling.  
Perry Ostrander—Roscommon, R. I.

LOVELLS TOWNSHIP.  
Sup. Jas. E. Kellogg—Lovells.  
Alfred Nephew—Lovells.  
Ray Owens—Lovells.

MAPLE FOREST TOWNSHIP.  
Sup. J. F. Knibbs—Frederic.  
A. J. Charron—Frederic.  
Conrad Howse—Frederic.

SOUTH BRANCH TOWNSHIP.  
Sup. O. B. Scott—Coy.  
E. P. Richardson—Roscommon.  
Jas. F. Crane—Eldorado.

The Skingley hotel at Higgins lake  
will open for business Sunday, June  
10 with a chicken dinner. The price  
will be \$1.00 per plate. Hotel located  
next to Cottage Grove resort. 31-2

## EMIL KRAUS

Dry Goods, Shoes and  
Wearing Apparel

There are several reasons why this store is so  
popular with the people of Gray-  
ling and vicinity.

First—Our motto is to carry as nearly as pos-  
sible just the variety of merchandise  
as the buying public want.

Second—We aim to sell goods of merit and  
equal to any of similar or higher cost.

Third—No stock in Michigan is complete but  
this store is always ready to obtain for  
our customers anything that is manu-  
factured, back of which we stand re-  
sponsible, just as tho it was taken off  
our shelves.

Fourth—Every person entering this store is  
sure to be accorded utmost courtesy.

Fifth—It is our desire that you increase your  
patronage with us and also that you  
bring your friends here. We want  
your friendship as well as patronage  
and will do our utmost to make things  
so agreeable that you will think of the  
Emil Kraus Dry Goods Store as your  
down-town headquarters. You are  
now and always heartily welcome.

## EMIL KRAUS

Grayling's Leading Dry  
Goods and Clothing Store

Good Bread Means Much  
Better Health

Bread has been aptly termed the "staff of life."  
Well made bread from pure flour is the  
natural diet of man.

No Other Food So Healthful  
No Other So Satisfying  
No Other So Economical

Eat more bread—live longer—enjoy better health—  
save money. You will always find the best  
bread on the market here.

## Model Bakery and Grocery

THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

HOT WEATHER IS  
COMING

and with it will come the discomforts of  
the hot kitchen. This may largely be  
eliminated by using one of our

## PERFECTION OIL RANGES

THEY ARE—

Quick to Operate  
Economical  
Give Intense Heat  
Fine Bakers

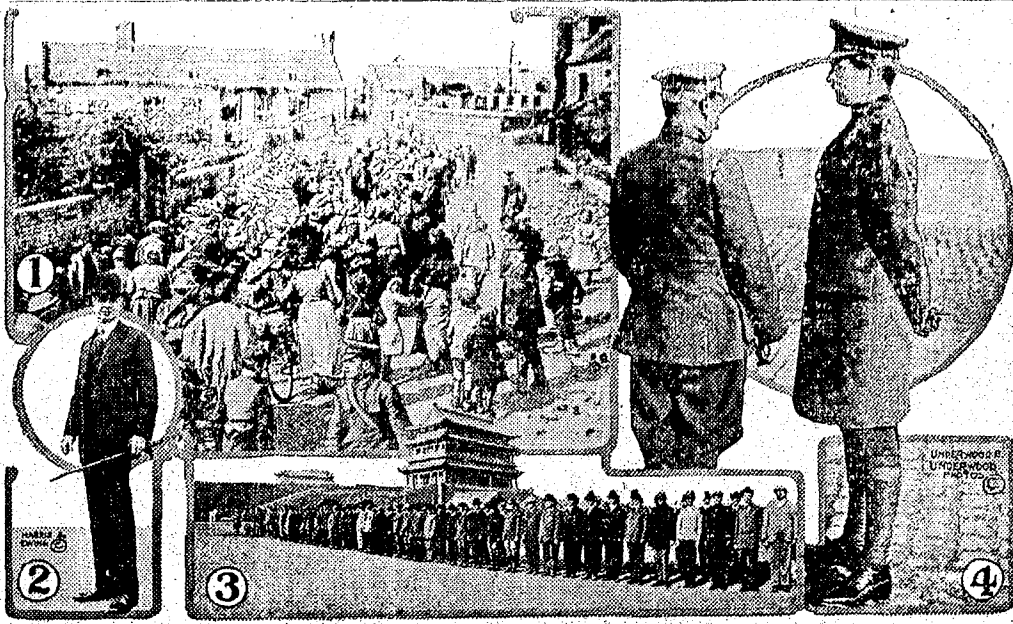
We have them from the two-burner size to  
beautiful four-burner ranges. Your kitchen  
troubles will be greatly reduced by the  
installation of one of these, and its econ-  
omical operation will SAVE YOU MONEY

## SALLING, HANSON CO.

Hardware Department

Advertising Space in this  
Paper is a Good  
Buy for any Business Man





1—Populace of one of the French villages recovered from the Germans welcoming the allied troops that released them. 2—Bernard Baruch, member of the advisory council of national defense, who was suggested as purchasing agent for all the allied governments, but advised that the work be done by a commission. 3—Volunteer company of Americans in Peking, which was formed four days after war was declared and which drills five times a week. 4—Latest photograph of King Albert of Belgium, conferring with one of his generals at the front.

## NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

**America Is Preparing, Without Panicky Haste, for War of Several Years.**

### SUPPLY COMMISSION FOR ALL

**Government Suppresses Agitators Against Conscription—Military Situation in Russia Improved—Italians Steadily Pushing Toward Trieste—Plans for Organizing Farm Labor in U. S.**

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

The United States anticipates from three to five more years of war, and is preparing for it on a tremendous scale, basing its plans on the idea that defeat of the central powers will depend largely on America. France and England are counted on to hold the Germans back on the west front, while Italy keeps the Austrians busy in the Trieste and Trentino regions, until the United States can raise, equip and train its immense National Army. Though a hundred thousand or more Americans will be on the fighting front this year, it is not expected that our armies will appear there in great strength before 1918. This much of its plans the government allowed to be known last week. President Wilson, it was said, expects to send a million men to France next year and another million the following year if necessary.

Instead of panicky haste, careful consideration is governing the movements of the government. To coordinate the needs of the allies and furnish the enormous quantities of munitions and other supplies they must have is perhaps the most pressing problem, and during the week the cabinet discussed the creation of the vast machinery for the purchase of supplies aggregating \$10,000,000,000 a year and their distribution to the various countries. This it is planned, is to be controlled by a commission, rather than by one man, and such is the advice of Bernard Baruch, who had been suggested for the position. The war commissions of Great Britain and France formally agreed to the creation of such a commission, and the Italian commissioners, now in this country, doubtless will assent. Incidentally, Italy wants to borrow several hundred millions from the United States.

**Preparing for Registration.** Preparations for the registration on June 5 of all men between the ages of twenty-one and thirty for service in the National Army went forward rapidly throughout the country, and, with a blush of shame be it said, schemes were sprung in many localities to defeat the success of the army law and to fight against conscription. In Texas and West Virginia organizations for this purpose were uncovered, and in those states and many other places arrests were made by the secret service men. Federal officers everywhere were instructed to keep close watch over meetings at which there might be overtaking against registration and to arrest the speakers. In some instances it was shown beyond doubt that German influences and German money were behind the demonstrations.

Chicago, New York and other cities were the scene of meetings of Socialists, pacifists, conscientious objectors and other intentional or unintentional aids of the Kaiser. These gatherings voiced the demand that the United States government at once announce its war aims in definite and concrete terms and make peace as soon as those aims are achieved. The Socialists, according to their leaders, are concerned chiefly in spreading their doctrines throughout the world and see in the war a fine opportunity to accomplish this. As for the conscientious objectors, one may well quote Colonel Roosevelt's phrase in his Memorial Day address: "If any man is too conscientious to fight he ought to take

### WILL LOOK INTO CONDITIONS

**Surgeon General Braisted Is Now Investigating Affairs at Country's Naval Recruiting Stations.**

Washington.—Disturbed by the outbreak of scarlet fever and measles at naval recruiting stations on shore and at sea, and by the conditions reported to exist on the hospital ship Solace, Surgeon General Braisted of the navy will make an investigation of conditions.

his conscience out and look at it, for it is certainly sick."

As registration day approached the number of cowards fleeing the country to avoid the draft increased. A great many crossed the borders into Mexico and Canada, and considerable numbers went to Cuba. All decent citizens join in the hope that these creatures will never have the impudence to return to the United States.

President Wilson, loath to abandon entirely the volunteer system, on Tuesday issued an urgent call for 100,000 more volunteers to bring the regular army up to full strength.

### What Is Doing in Russia.

Developments of the week in Russia were both encouraging and discouraging. Admittedly, the fate of that new republic is in the hands of Kerensky, and he has taken a firm stand in the matter of restoring discipline in the army. The soldiers seem willing to submit, and are giving evidence of a renewed intention to continue the fight against the central powers. They have been heartened for this by the injunctions and appeals of the councils of peasants' and workers' deputies and by the exhortations of government officials. This state of affairs is recognized by Germany in a statement that an early offensive by the Russians is expected.

The most discouraging news from Russia was contained in a statement by Minister of Finance Shingiroff that the industrial crisis is so acute that only a miracle can save the country from economic ruin. The demands of the workmen are so enormous that most of the industrial enterprises working for the national defense will be compelled to close down before long. On top of this comes the formal demand of the troops at the front that they be supplied with enough munitions to fight on an equal plane with the other belligerents.

A hopeful note was sounded on Tuesday by Prof. Boris Bakmeteff, the new Russian ambassador to the United States. Reaching Tokyo on his way to this country, he said: "I am immensely satisfied with conditions in Russia, including Siberia. I think the new regime is carrying on the work of reorganization successfully and will soon be able to launch an offensive against the enemy."

Russia's official position seems anomalous as ever, for she still insists she will be faithful to her allies, and in the same breath demands that peace be made on terms that cannot conceivably be accepted by those allies.

**President Sends Note to Russia.** President Wilson last week dispatched a note to Russia's provisional government designed to pave the way for the Root commission and to give Russia an idea of the war aims of the United States. He set forth that America is in the war to "make the world safe for democracy," and that it seeks "no indemnities for ourselves, no material compensation for the sacrifices we shall freely make," but makes it clear that there must be indemnity for innocent nations laid in ruins, like Belgium.

Maxim Gorky, the noted author, publishes in his paper a sensational account of an attempt by D. Rizov, Bulgarian minister to Berlin, to induce him to enter into negotiations for a separate peace. Rizov's proposition was that Russia conclude an immediate armistice with Germany and Austria, both belligerents retaining their present fronts, and a Russian constitution assembly meet at once to decide on peace or war.

The Socialist party of France last week decided to send delegates to the Stockholm conference, but the rejection of the Teutons over this is not justified, for it appears the Frenchmen concluded it would not be safe to leave the Russian Socialists alone with the German delegates. The German and Austrian Socialists set forth their peace program, a program which might well be acceptable to the two emperors who have given up hopes of crushing their enemies. Austria is still hankering for peace at almost any price, and the Kaiser's control over the dual monarchy was weakened by the appointment of Count Julius Andrássy as premier of Hungary to succeed Tisza.

**Italians Move Toward Trieste.** The Italians and Austrians did most of the actual fighting last week. Cadorna's men pressed on further toward

Trieste, though the forward movement slackened considerably and much of the time was given to consolidating the positions already won, and beating off the furious counter-assaults of the Austrians. The Italians captured San Giovanni, one of the key defenses of Trieste, and it was reported that all noncombatants had been ordered to leave the latter city, indicating that the Austrians did not hope to hold possession of it much longer. The evident plan of the Italians was to move on Trieste along the coast of the Adriatic, avoiding the mountainous country farther north and obtaining the aid of British warships. Northeast of Gorizia the Italians made some further progress. The achievements of the Italian soldiers in this offensive are truly wonderful, when the nature of the country and the strength of the opposition are considered, and their bravery and high spirit are unsurpassed.

In France there was violent artillery firing through the week, and the combats in the air were numerous and spectacular. Again the allied airmen demonstrated their superiority over those of the German army. The British aviators have been especially active, and in night flights have dropped many tons of explosives on military establishments of the enemy far back of the lines.

The lull in the activity of other arms on the west front was taken to preface another big offensive, and this time it is predicted that the Germans are preparing a tremendous effort to smash France before American troops can help her.

Another marked decrease in the number of British ships sunk by submarines is noted in the weekly admiralty report. Among the vessels lost were a hospital ship and an armored cruiser. Spain and Norway were further aggravated by the sinking of more of their vessels.

The Brazilian chamber of deputies authorized the revocation of the decree of neutrality, and the senate followed this up by authorizing an alliance of Brazil with "other states to defend the American republics against the world."

### To Organize Farm Labor.

The department of agriculture announced the government's detailed plan for the organization of farm labor. The work already has been started in 40 states. The plan provides for strictly local handling of all labor problems that can be adjusted locally. The fundamental unit of organization is the "community man" who, with the assistance of such committees as he may appoint, canvasses in his own neighborhood, finds out what farmers need help and what men are available for supplying the local need.

If after all local adjustments have been made, there remains either a deficit or a surplus of labor, he reports to the "county man," whose business it is to effect adjustments in his county. The county man, in turn, reports and deficit of surplus to the "state man," who canvasses the situation for the state as a whole and reports to the department of agriculture.

The finance committee of the senate spent the week in revamping the war revenue bill. In the house the food survey bill, the lesser of the government's two food measures, was passed.

On Thursday the house by a vote of 184 to 144, returned the espionage bill to the conference committee of the two houses with instructions to eliminate the press-censorship section on the adoption of which the president had been insistent. The senate already had voted against the provision. The house was influenced considerably by charges that the administration had been suppressing the truth about health conditions in the navy, and it was shown later that the senate had kept secret a report of Surgeon General Braisted describing the epidemics in the navy and the primitive conditions under which the medical officers were forced to labor.

Two destructive tornadoes swept through central Illinois, the towns of Mattoon and Charleston being the worst sufferers. About 300 lives were lost, and the property damage was enormous. These storms were followed by others farther south in the Mississippi valley that killed about 70 more persons.

nearest the fleet is at Norfolk, which is the largest possessed by the navy and with which there were recently added 400 boats.

The Solace is the only hospital ship in the navy, although another has been authorized and is being built.

Of the 40,000 men within a radius of 50 miles of the fleet, it was said, at least 10,000 are men who have just entered the service, and it was regarded as inevitable, in view of this fact, that there should be a certain amount of illness in the fleet.

## SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

**SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHLAND.**

### ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

**Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.**

#### DENMARK.

A fisherman at Shektersten lost his ax through the ice. The water was so deep that he could not see it, and it would have puzzled a less inventive mind than that of our fisherman to recover the ax. He tied a fish to a 10-foot line, fastened the other end of the line to a rock, tied a rope to the rock, and sunk the rock and the fish to the bottom of the sea through the hole where the ax had dropped. You bet it worked! When an ax drops into the water its handle always stands up straight, of course. When the fish got to the bottom he began to swim around to get lost. But all that he accomplished was that he wound his line around the ax handle. The next morning the fisherman simply had to pull in the rope, and up came the rock, the ax, and the fish.

"Jacobsen's Kvase," a famous wooden ship, had to be cut up into fuel the other day because it could not be used on the water any longer even nowdays when it seems as though anything that floats can make its owner rich. This particular ship became famous in a terrible storm in 1872. It was moored at Stettin when the storm broke loose. Soren Jacobsen was the only man in that harbor who dared to cut his way out of the harbor through the storm and the waves. It looked like a suicidal deed sure. But he saved his ship, while every other vessel in the harbor was dashed against the shore and wrecked.

#### NORWAY.

The following might apply to almost any large American city this spring, though it was written by a close observer of the conditions in Christiania early in the spring: "All vacant lots and open spaces inside the city limits are put under the plow. We have 40 acres of good soil on Thorshaug and 45 acres at Frogner outside of the regular park. At the Ekeberg manor we have 13 acres, and an equal area at the Berg estate. The entire Ekebergstad plain lies unused. And there are many other parcels of ground. Two thousand two hundred persons have reported that they wish to raise potatoes—2,200 city families who suddenly become farmers in the city. Each one of these spare-hour farmers is to have 225 square yards of ground. The poor people of the city will have 150 acres of good potato ground at their disposal. It is figured out that they will get about 180 bushels to the acre, making the whole crop 27,000 bushels. This will be a good gift to the poor people of our city. The moral proceeds will be still more valuable. The city sees that the ground is plowed. The man quoted above has a friend who is rather philosophically inclined, and he elaborated the situation in the following manner: 'From below is that growing which is to bring a new era. I really believe that this great war, which Kaiser Wilhelm has prepared and put in operation, and which is now distinguished by his splendid underarms weapons, will sweep the fields clean in Europe. But the princes by the grace of God and the bureaucracy by the grace of God and other idolatry will pass away, and men will return to the earth and cultivate it. As in this city, all over the world there are fields enough to cultivate, if people only can get at them. And the common man will learn to go by the best people, who are not aristocrats and who will not ask for pay for their help and advice.'

There was a feeling of satisfaction in Norway when the United States entered the war, not so much because the Norwegians sided with the allies, as because they thought the entrance of America would hasten the end of the conflict. Norway may sever diplomatic relations with Germany. Every effort is being made to preserve neutrality, but the situation is becoming strained because of the many Norwegian vessels sunk by German submarines. The people of Norway are plowing vacant lots and agriculture is encouraged. Prices are higher and the farmers probably are better off than before. During the cold weather theaters in Norway were permitted to open only once a week, because of the fuel shortage.

There will be no burning of kelp along the beach of Jaderen this year, the German submarines making it so risky to ship kelp ashes across the sea that the foreign kelp factories are not going to get raw materials from Norway as in former years. This means a serious loss to the people of Jaderen and Karmoen.

The storthing employs no less than 16 regular stenographers. It is exactly 60 years since provisions were made for taking stenographic reports of the proceedings.

The Norwegian legation at Berlin, according to a dispatch from Copenhagen, reports that the Norwegian steamers Laly, Najaden, C. Sundt and Grant have been torpedoed by German submarines. Members of the crews of each vessel lost their lives.

The food and fuel problem has become serious in Norway, and if the war continues throughout the coming winter the government probably will fix a limited ration rule and adopt a requirement that no person can heat more than two rooms.

#### FINLAND.

Jan Jansen, a Finnish clerk in a Russian bank, says that Finland wants Finnish schoolhouses—with Finland's flag floating above them—filled with Finnish children learning their own language, literature and history. The Finnish people want the right to pursue their own way unmolested. They are ready to believe that the war not only will give them the right, but that, through the Russian revolution, it has already done so. Full freedom from Russian rule is not expected; but self-government in all affairs that solely concern Finland is part of the people's demand. They wish to manage their business affairs, to continue the development of their country, their road and harbor building, for the benefit of themselves. Above all, they want their nationality preserved. Finland's complaint against Russia, now happily dissolving, was only a dozen years old, said Mr. Jansen. It dated from that extra reactionary regime which followed the czar's concessions to the people in 1905, sought to upset all the benefits granted Finland. Since that time, Jansen declared, Russian governors sent to govern Finland have devoted themselves largely to the difficult task of stamping out the identity of the Finns as a separate people. "Van Seyn tried to make moujiks out of the Finns," he said. "The Finns are a peaceful, patient people. It is hard to see what the old regime feared from them. Possibly, it was simply a way of extorting money; 30,000,000 marks have been taken annually in taxes for the imperial government in recent years, part of this being spent in maintenance of Russian officials and troops in Finland."

#### SWEDEN.

News that the Swedish steamers Vesterland, Aspen and Viken, laden with grain from England, had been sunk by German submarines was received May 19 in Stockholm and caused much indignation. The arrival of the steamships had been eagerly awaited. The message which told of the sinking said that eight members of the crew of the Viken and two men aboard the Vesterland had been lost. Newspapers united in voicing indignation at the torpedoing of the three steamers. The Stockholm Tidningen captions its article, "The Germans' Dastardly Deed Against Sweden," and characterizes it as a "deliberate and bloody crime." The Dagen's Nyheter says: "Our German kinsmen—as it is fond of calling itself—is drawing heavy drafts on the sympathies which it believes itself to possess here and for which our land has been forced to hear so many unkind words from Germany's opponents." The Nyheter declares no intelligent German need wonder that his country has so few friends in the world. The Stockholm Dagblad says: "It was sympathy for Sweden that went down with the ships." The Svenska Dagbladet says: "It is plain that the Germans are proceeding without the slightest elementary regard for our rights as neutrals." No theoretical defenses by Germany can prevent the greatest bitterness from prevailing in Sweden, says the Dagblad. Germany's enemies, it adds, could not have desired better agitation material. The Viken was a new vessel, built in 1916, and was on her first trip. She was of 1,820 tons gross. The Vesterland was of 4,018 tons gross and built in 1907. The Aspen was of 3,103 tons gross and built 20 years ago. The German minister at Stockholm is reported to have visited the Swedish foreign minister and expressed deepest regret at the sinking of the Swedish steamers Vesterland, Viken and Aspen.

A committee representing the Dutch and Scandinavian socialists has issued a long manifesto explaining the reason for calling the conference of socialists at Stockholm and appealing to the socialists of the world to participate. The committee hopes to come to an agreement with representatives of the Russian council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates, who are expected in Stockholm. Hjalmar Branting, editor of the Social Demokraten, said that Swedish socialists could not approve former Premier Asquith's third category of annexations that are not annexations—those covering "strategic protection against future attack." He said: "This is the same unfortunate line of thought which in 1872 induced Bismarck to persist in the demand for Metz, an absolutely French city, but a fortress which appealed to the German general staff. The internationalists must reject such ideas regardless of from whom they come. We should protest if the Germans demanded Liege and Antwerp. We should protest also if the British tried to carry out the same false principle."

The government put an embargo on the exportation of almost all kinds of foodstuffs May 3. Among the articles may be mentioned pork, all kinds of fish, fruits, and vegetables.

H. Friedlander, a Stockholm wholesale merchant, commemorated his seventy-fifth birthday anniversary by turning over a donation of \$40,000 to the king in order to enable young men to pursue military studies abroad.

Many livery barns have been closed both in the cities and the rural districts on account of the high cost of horse feed.

To carry the mails of captives of war has cost the post office department of Sweden \$1,350,000.

The city of Marstrand had a light and food famine at the same time, the electric plant going on a strike and the means of communication to the city being demoralized. Fortunately the trouble did not last long.

The late J. F. Hakansson, a Stockholm banker, willed \$300,000 to the institution for the aid of worthy poor.

Miss Sara Sundberg, the oldest person in Göteborg, died at the age of one hundred and four years.

## AMERICAN MISSION LANDS IN RUSSIA

**MESSAGE OUTLINING WAR AIMS OF U. S. ARRIVES BY CABLE AT SAME TIME.**

### CRUSH KAISER, FIRST AIM

**President Also Asks Freedom of Seas, Ban On Submarines and Protection for Small Nations.**

Washington.—The American mission headed by Elihu Root, former secretary of state, arrived at a Russian port Sunday. Mr. Root bears plenipotentiary powers to act for the United States.

Timed to coincide with his arrival, a message from the state department outlining the war aims of the United States was cabled to the de facto government of Russia.

The message sets forth clearly what the United States is fighting for and how far it will go. It was cabled several days ago, but was withheld from publication in America as a matter of courtesy to Russia.

The peace aims—or the peace demands, they might be called—of America as set forth in President Wilson's communication may be divided somewhat as follows:

1. Crushing of militarism and abandonment of heavy armaments as a guarantee against junkerism again plunging the world into a sea of blood. This is the demand of democracy—that it may be made safe against the onslaughts of an imperial clique.

2. Freedom of the seas and restriction of the use of submarines as a weapon of offense. Crews of merchant vessels must be assured safety.

3. Guarantees that will hold that small nations and their rights will be respected. This includes the rejection and indemnity of Belgium, Serbia and other little countries wiped out by the Germans, as well as the establishment so far as possible of borders on racial lines. A Jewish republic in Palestine may be one of the outgrowths of the war and this is favored by the United States.

### CYCLONE HITS BAY COUNTY

**Hundred Buildings Wrecked—No Casualties Reported.**

Saginaw—Bay City, Flint, Jackson, Lansing and Saginaw were without electric lights Saturday night and all interurban traffic operated by electricity from the Au Sable power plant at Linwood, 35 miles north of here was tied up as the result of a typical Indiana cyclone which incapacitated the plant at 5 p. m. Saturday.

The cyclone swept in a semi-circle from Midland through the northwestern section of Bay county. Perhaps a hundred buildings were wrecked by the storm, but no one was injured and livestock likewise escaped. The damage was \$25,000. Tops of several barns were carried across 40-acre fields. It was one of the first circular windstorms, settlers say, that has ever visited this section.

The wires from the Au Sable power plant, which carry a load of 140,000 volts, were torn down for a half-a-mile. There was no high wind at Saginaw.

### 52,000 TEUTONS CAPTURED

**Paris War Office Epitomizes Gains of Allies Since April 1.**

Paris.—An official communication issued by the war office says that from April 1 to June 1, 52,000 German prisoners were captured, 1,000 of which were officers.

Included in the enormous material taken from the enemy during the same time were 446 heavy and field cannon, 1,000 machine guns and a considerable number of trench guns.

Since April 1, the British have advanced on a front of 20 miles from Loos to South of Bullecourt to an extreme depth of six miles east of Arras. Field Marshal Haig's men have taken Vimy ridge, dominating the plains to Douai and have virtually surrounded Lens and St. Quentin and have held their gains against desperate and repeated German attacks, while inflicting heavy losses.

In the same time the French have advanced along a 15-mile front north of the Aisne and seized the heights dominating the valley of the Ailette river, the last natural defense before Laon. In Champagne, the French troops, in intrepid attacks, have gained the heights of Mont Carnelle, the Casque, the Teton and Mont Haut, to the east of Rheims. All the French gains have been held. Repeated attacks by the German crown prince made without avail and he has expended thousands of lives in fruitless efforts to regain the lost ground.

Gov. Albert E. Sleeper was the chief speaker at Charlotte's first community banquet. Congressman J. M. C. Smith and Lieutenant-Governor Dickenson were also speakers.

Grand Rapids—United States agents raided Socialist headquarters here. They seized a quantity of semi-sedition literature and the names of all persons enrolled in the party in Grand Rapids. It was claimed that Grand Rapids is the hub of a wheel of disloyalty which is slowly covering western Michigan.

Hilledale—Thomas Dresser died from injuries suffered when an automobile in which he was riding was hit by a New York Central train. William Smith was seriously injured. They farmed near Litchfield.

Detroit—Red Cross Ambulance company No. 2 probably will be the first medical unit to leave Michigan for France, according to information from Major E. E. Persons, commanding the United States army ambulance companies. The company will be attached to French troops until the first American expedition arrives.

## "BIG BERTHA" INVENTOR DIES



LOUIS GATHMANN.

Washington.—Louis Gathmann, inventor of the "big Berthas," as the howitzers used by the Germans are called, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Thomas Foley, here.

No sooner had Mr. Gathmann's invention been patented than it was snapped up by Germany. Gathmann first offered the "big Bertha" to the United States government, but the war department declined to accept the tender.

Mr. Gathmann was born in Germany in 1843, coming to this country in the last year of the Civil war and taking up his residence in Washington.

### AIRMEN TO TRAIN IN FRANCE

**U. S. Recruits Will Get Final Lessons in French Battle Planes.**

Washington.—Contracts have been awarded to an American firm for the construction of a two-squadron aviation field in France, where American army fliers will receive final training before taking their places at the front. Final training will be in French battle-planes and under French instructors, the aircraft production board of the national defense council announced. As the United States has produced no airplanes of sufficient power and speed for use at the front, foreign built craft will be used by American fliers for battle purposes, until American machines have been developed to that point.

500 Students to Train. Three training fields will be so nearly completed by July 20 that 500 student aviators, graduates of the preliminary theoretical courses given at six colleges, can begin their training in actual flight by that time.

### EUROPE LOOKS TO U. S. FOR GRAIN

**Requirements of Allies and Neutrals Placed at 971,000,000 Bushels.**

Washington.—In a statement by Herbert C. Hoover listing the minimum needs of each nation for human consumption and for feed, the grain requirements of the allies and the European neutrals were put at 971,000,000 bushels, a total much greater than the United States can supply.

Mr. Hoover believes the United States and Canada can export this year at least 600,000,000 bushels of grain. If the winter wheat crop improves and the spring crop is larger than normal, he believes this may be increased to 800,000,000. Shipment of that much grain will force American consumers to eat less wheat than usual and eat more of other cereals.

Co-ordination of allied food purchases will be established as soon as the food bills and the export limitations act become laws. At present, the allies and neutral countries are purchasing in large quantities for future delivery. There is no guarantee that all these deliveries will be made, as this government may hold up contracts to assure of an adequate food supply at home.

### MEXICANS LOOT U. S. SHIP

**Fishing Schooner Boarded and Stripped of Supplies.**

Galveston, Tex.—The American fishing schooner Arcas was boarded by the crew of a Mexican gunboat off the coast of Tehuantepec, Mexico, on the high seas, May 31, and looted of clothing, fishing gear and medicine chest. This news was brought here Tuesday by Captain S. A. McDonald, of the Arcas.

Only enough provisions were left for the Arcas to get back to Galveston.

The Mexicans claimed to be Carranza soldiers who had received no clothing or pay for months. The steamer flew no flag.

Charlotte.—The city council voted \$250 for uniforms for the Charlotte company of state troops.

Charlevoix—Capt. Willard A. Smith, editor of the Charlevoix Sentinel, and former member of Gov. Osborn's staff, was acquitted of contempt charges on a technicality. He commented on the court's decision in an auto license case.

Detroit.—The number of violent deaths in Detroit and vicinity for the first five months of this year is more than half the total of similar deaths reported for all 1916, the figures being 364 and for all 1916, 639.

Albion.—A message received from Shreveport, La., states that Frank Pease, an Albion man who moved to a farm in Louisiana, three years ago, is in a Shreveport hospital in a critical condition as the result of a premature explosion of dynamite while on an alligator hunt. His right arm was blown off.



## WIRELESS LEAK TO GERMANY FOUND

ARREST REVEALS HIGH-POWERED RADIO PLANTS WERE SENT TO MEXICO.

### SPIES SENT SECRETS TO BERLIN

Underground Mail Route to Germany Via Mexico Also Discovered By Secret Service Men.

New York—Evidence that two complete high-powered wireless installations, assembled here were shipped to Mexico, supposedly for use of a German spy system in this country, was discovered in connection with the arrest of three men on charges of conspiring to send mail, containing military information, surreptitiously from the United States to Germany through Norwegian ship crews.

It was indicated by the United States commissioner before whom the alleged plotters were arraigned that it was through their instrumentality that advance news of the impending arrival in England of the American destroyer fleet was sent to Germany. Indications are the secret mail system was operated both ways between the United States, Germany and Mexico. Several hundred letters have been seized, written in English, German and Spanish, and some apparently in code. They are being translated in the expectation that they will open the way to full revelations of the alleged spy plot which is said to point to other persons besides those under arrest.

### BELLS USHER IN DRAFT DAY

Registering of Eligible Men Resembles National Election.

Detroit—Ringing bells and shrieking whistles ushered in draft registration day in Detroit. The day resembled a national election day, but it had a significance deeper than an election.

Preparations to meet conditions which might prevent a peaceful and accurate registering of the city's 107,000 eligibles were taken by city and federal governments. Special policemen patrolled the city Monday night to prevent the distribution of anti-draft leaflets or the organizing of anti-draft mobs. This same force, made up of Spanish American war veterans and others, assisted the city's 1,200 patrolmen in keeping order Tuesday.

Two hundred Spanish War veterans from four Detroit camps assembled at police headquarters Monday night and were sworn in as special officers during the registration. The men were assigned to precinct stations and held in readiness for emergency calls.

### 81,000 DOCTORS PLEDGE / ID

Medical Association Members Ready to Answer Nation's Call.

New York—Eighty-one thousand American doctors will do their bit to win the war.

That is the membership of the American Medical Association, 10,000 of whose members met in annual convention here Monday, and every one of them is pledged to answer the nation's call.

Already two anonymous members of the association have saved thousands of lives to the allied armies on the western front by their new method of sterilizing wounds.

Not only will thousands of these men serve with the American armies in the field, but other thousands will engage in military-medical and surgical research work in this country.

The association began its preparedness program in 1916 and is today in a position to mobilize medical and surgical specialists very quickly. The medical and surgical committee of the council of national defense interlocks with the national committee on red cross medical service.

### SPUDS LEFT IN CARS TO ROT

Fifteen Cars Sidetracked Near Chicago While Prices Are Boosted.

Chicago—Government investigators inquiring into the reasons for high priced coal in Illinois recently discovered 15 cars loaded with potatoes on a siding near Seatonville, Ill.

The potatoes, from the shipping directions on the cars, had originally been sent to Chicago. From their condition, the investigators concluded they had been left on the siding to spoil while high prices were being maintained in the Chicago market.

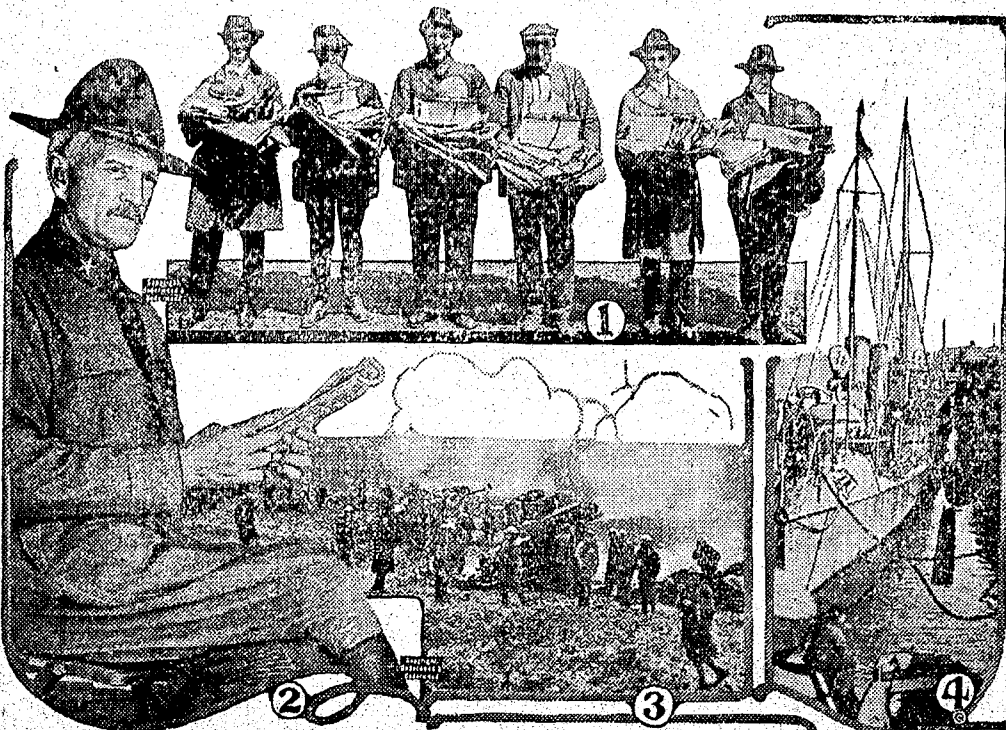
The investigation of the food situation will continue before the June grand jury.

Port Huron—John Kadzielawa died of heart trouble after having been on his front porch all night.

Ann Arbor—Julius Otto Schlotterbeck, Ph.D., professor of pharmacology and botany and dean of the college of pharmacy in the University of Michigan since 1904, died at his home here. Scientific and pharmacy journals have frequently published contributions of the deceased scholar, who was one of the best known men in his profession. He was 61 years old.

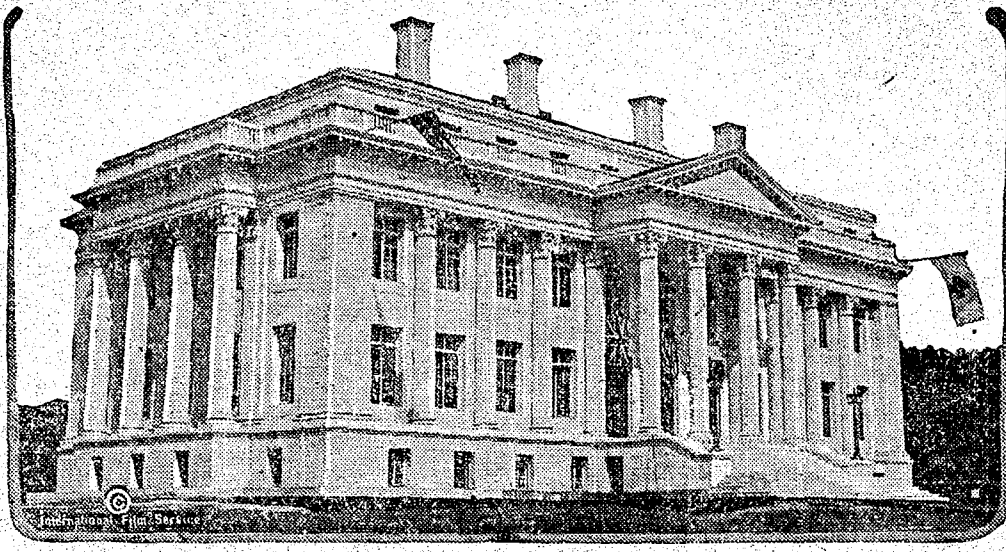
Kalamazoo—Charlotte De Goliere Davenport, 94 years old, walked two miles to a creek outside the city limits and took a "plunge." On her return she advised her friends that her experience was very invigorating. "It cures that tired feeling," she said.

Detroit—Electrocuted while suspended from a cross-arm of a 30-foot pole by his life belt, the body of Harry Aldrich, a lineman employed by the Michigan State Telephone company, dangled in midair for more than an hour before police discovered the man was dead.



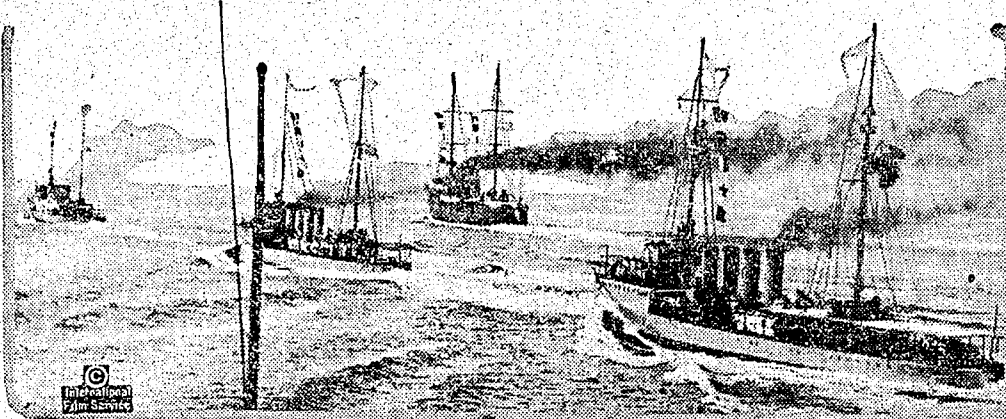
1—Rookies at Fort Slocum who have just received their soldier clothes and are proud of them. 2—Latest photograph of Maj. Gen. John J. Pershing, selected to command the first American expeditionary force in France. 3—British artillery on the western front preparing the way for an infantry advance. 4—American destroyer Rogers, put into commission at the Charlestown navy yard for the Massachusetts Naval militia.

## NEW HOME OF THE AMERICAN RED CROSS



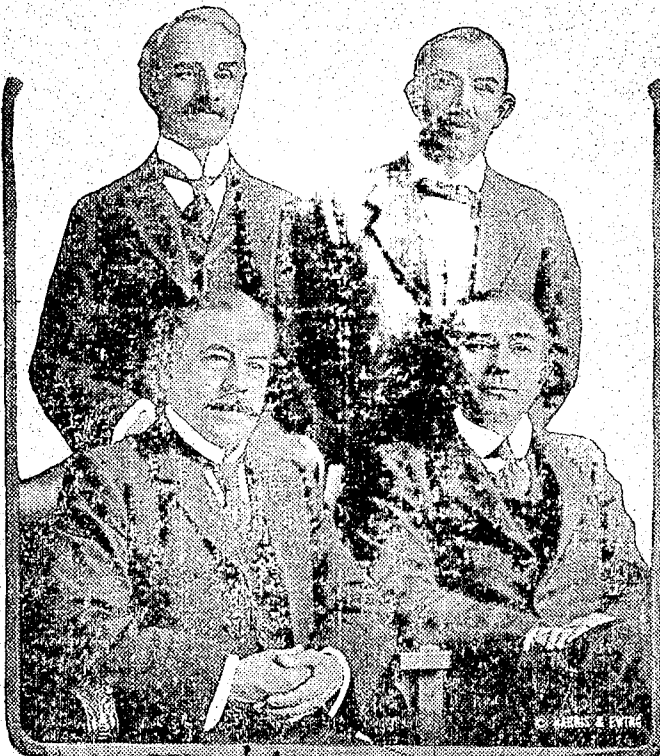
This is the new building of the American Red Cross in Washington which was formally dedicated recently. It was erected at a cost of \$800,000 and is the general headquarters for all Red Cross work in this country.

## OUR DESTROYERS ALREADY ACTIVE IN THE WAR



Some of the American destroyers that, according to official advices, already are in European waters taking an active part in the war on German submarines.

## BRITISH LABOR COMMISSION



These are the members of the British labor commission now in this country conferring with the representatives of American organized labor and others. They are: Seated, left to right, Rt. Hon. C. W. Bowerman and H. W. Garrod; standing, Joseph Davies and J. H. Thomas.

## MYSTERY IN SOLDIER'S TRUNK

Securities Worth \$100,000 and Military Papers Belonging to General McCallum Await Heirs.

Atlanta, Ga.—A wide search is being made for the heirs of the late Gen. D. C. McCallum of the Union army, which laid Atlanta in ashes in 1864. Railroad and industrial securities said to be worth \$100,000, together with military papers of the general, were found in a trunk here that had been brought from New York by a

Russian junk dealer. The documents are being held by Leonard J. Grossman, an attorney. The papers in the old battered trunk had lain in a New York attic for many years. Some of the military documents bear the signature of Abraham Lincoln. Andrew Johnson and other federal officers of war times and the reconstruction period.

### Potatoes For Fine.

Port Worth, Tex.—When F. J. Pamerson, a farmer, said he had nothing but

three potatoes on his person, Police Judge Parker, who had just fined the prisoner \$10 on a charge of drunkenness, said he would accept the potatoes as a fine. They were turned over to the court and Jamieson was discharged.

### Black Fox Causes Stir.

Old Orchard, Me.—A beautiful black fox has been seen on the Old Orchard road, and all the fox hunters in town are seeking the black-coated animal.

## STATE NEWS IN BRIEF

Jackson—A man said to be Frank Drowdowski, of Lansing, was found shot dead in the woods near here. He had \$60 in his pockets and it is believed he killed himself.

Port Huron—To stimulate recruiting for Co. C, Thirty-third regiment, a tent has been pitched on the lawn in front of the postoffice here to be used as a recruiting office.

Grand Rapids—At a Socialist meeting here the administration was ridiculed and a fund was started for the defense of any member convicted by federal or city authorities.

Detroit—Mrs. Emily Gagner, who had lived 95 years in Detroit, died at her home, 975 East Grand boulevard. Mrs. Gagner had the distinction of being a great-great grandmother. She had 10 children.

Grand Rapids—Thos. Condon, a farmer living near Moseley, lost his right hand and eye when a stick of dynamite exploded prematurely. He and Frank Keech, also of Moseley, were in a boat on a small lake near Grand City when the explosion occurred.

Pontiac—Following attempts to wreck Grand Trunk trains near Holly on two successive nights, five men are serving time in the county jail here on charges of vagrancy. Ties had been piled on the tracks, but were seen in time to prevent trains being wrecked.

Battle Creek—In a cablegram to his parents here, Frederick H. Zinn, Battle Creek aviator injured in France, says that although he suffered a broken rib and minor bruises in a fall in which his machine was demolished, he expected to get another aeroplane and be back in service in three days.

Marshall—Owing to the war the Philadelphia bond house which was awarded the Calhoun county road bonds, has refused to float the issue.

Flint—A spark from a brick hit by a chisel caused an explosion in a machine which blew R. A. Rickey, telephone lineman, several feet in the air. He will recover.

Escanaba—Data compiled by County Agent Pattison of Delta county indicates that Delta county will have 71 per cent more acreage in crops this year than in 1916.

Cadillac—A cut on his face, self-inflicted with a razor while he was shaving, caused the death from blood poisoning here of Frank Bruyette, 71 years old, a pioneer resident of the city.

Port Huron—One thousand "penny bags" have been distributed in the homes of this city by workers representing the Red Cross society. The money will be collected once a month by the society.

Lansing—Five teachers from Lowell had a narrow escape when an auto in which they were riding stalled on a Grand Trunk crossing near here. They escaped from the car just before it was hit by a train.

Mackinac Island—Peter Early, former mayor, was accidentally shot to death on his farm while shooting chicken hawks. In getting over a barbed wire fence the gun caught and exploded, the charge entering his side.

Calumet—The Calumet & Hecla Mining Co. and the Calumet & Arizona have each taken \$500,000 worth of the Liberty bonds. Both companies urge their employees to purchase these bonds and will lend all the assistance possible.

Flint—Mike O'Donohue was arrested while walking out of the Detroit house of correction where he completed a three months sentence for bootlegging. He is now charged with holding up and robbing Joe Horodyski, Flint grocer, of \$270.

Hillsdale—Mrs. Elizabeth Smith, 81, a resident of Hillsdale 62 years, is dead from old age.

Hillsdale—Frank Cook, 52 years old, who has been crippled since childhood, killed himself.

Jackson—Robert Singles, a trusty at Jackson prison, walked away from the institution. Singles is 72 years old.

Adrian—In six months Adrian college will be out of debt. In two years it has been lowered from \$28,000 to \$5,000.

Utica—Dr. George W. Sower, of the First M. E. church, urged suppression of calamity howlers in a sermon boosting the Liberty loan.

Monroe—Owing to the demand for labor on farms and in the city and to curtail expenses in general, the board of education has decided to discontinue the summer school for the coming season.

Flint—A foreigner stepped into the Genesee County Savings bank and subscribed for \$100.00 worth of Liberty bonds. He said in broken English that he considered the bonds a good investment and besides he wanted to show his loyalty to the nation.

Saginaw—Twenty passengers on a Pere Marquette train from Flint were victimized by pickpockets either while waiting in the Flint station or shortly after boarding the train.

Bad Axe—This city was given a clean bill of health by representatives of the state fire protective association. The city is entirely free of buildings of the so-called "fire-trap" type.

Pontiac—A letter was received by the local Red Cross needle work guild from Lyons, France, acknowledging receipt of 11,000 bandages, dressings and garments sent from here.

Traverse City—Maple City contributed 5 per cent of its population to the army when five men enlisted from there.

Pontiac—Armed with an ax, Mrs. Anna Kinsman, living on the Mt. Clemens road, attacked Chief of Police Kent when he broke into her home to take charge of the body of her husband, Nicholas Kinsman. The woman is believed to be demented. She had refused admission to her home to Coroner Farmer, who had been notified by the attending physician that Kinsman was dying.

## GRAZING LAND FOR STOCK IS OFFERED

CATTLE AND SHEEP RAISERS ASKED TO TAKE HEIDS TO UPPER PENINSULA.

### 25,000 ACRES CONTRIBUTED

By Utilizing This Land, Pastures in Lower Peninsula Can Be Sown to Crops.

(By W. L. CALNON.)

Lansing. The greatest contribution to the food preparedness cause since Michigan's agriculturists took up the hoe in response to President Wilson's call a few weeks ago, has come from the upper peninsula in the guise of what amounts practically to a gift of 25,000 acres of ideal grazing grounds to state sheepmen and stock raisers.

Men with herds will be permitted to turn them loose on the upper peninsula ranges, fatten them and market them when they are ready. The pastures are capable of supporting approximately 100,000 sheep, or from 10,000 to 12,000 feeding steers.

The offer has brought an immediate response from some of the biggest flock owners in the state, and one of these men has already begun moving 2,000 head of sheep to the Lake Superior grazing grounds. The cost of transportation will be borne by the owners of the flocks.

"The project is one of the best that has been devised for promoting food production," says W. F. Haven, livestock extension specialist for the Michigan Agricultural college. "By moving flocks north, the land which they would have required for grazing in southern Michigan can be sown to crops. By using the upper peninsula pastures 25,000 acres of tillable land in this section of the state can be added to the food producing area."

### M. A. C. Engineering Hall Dedicated.

The R. E. Olds Hall of Engineering, the gift of the Lansing automobile manufacturer to the engineering department of the Michigan Agricultural college, was dedicated as the closing ceremony of the M. A. C. commencement program.

The new structure, with its equipment and the adjoining shops, cost in the neighborhood of \$250,000.

Mr. Olds' contribution to the engineering department was \$100,000. This fund he gave immediately following the fire which March 5, 1916, wiped out the old building and shops.

The gift has not covered a half what the hall and shops have cost, but it is generally conceded that if it had not come when it did, there would now be no engineering department at the college, and the institution would have lost as well its large appropriations from the federal government, which are given only with the stipulation that a department of mechanical arts and sciences be conducted in conjunction with the agricultural courses.

The Olds gift enabled the college, when it was practically moneyless, to begin reconstruction of the destroyed structures at once.

### New City in Michigan.

Within 60 days there will be a new city in southern Michigan. It will be equipped with rail, water, light and power facilities. From its water front on Lake St. Clair powerful military aircraft will soar over the bay to drop bombs on floating targets. The scene of this animation will be the drill and training field of the American Flying corps, formerly Joy aviation field, about three miles east of Mt. Clemens and 20 minutes by airplane flight from Detroit.

Work already is under way on the extension of the Grand Trunk railway from Mt. Clemens to the field. Within a short time Detroit, Mt. Clemens and other communities in that section of Michigan will see airplane flights daily.

Roads are being constructed, ground cleared for the building of hangars and barracks, stations provided for the receiving of supplies, water and sewage systems being laid.

The selection of this field by the government, together with the work already done to manufacture airplane engines of superior capacity, is a long step toward the establishment of a new and vastly important phase of the automotive industry in Michigan.

### Beet Profits Small.

According to a report of the federal trade commission the lowest net profits per acre in any beet sugar growing district of considerable size are in Michigan. The highest net profits per acre were found in California, Colorado and Utah. In these California districts the net profits ranged from \$38 to \$45 per acre; in Colorado from \$27 to \$37; in Utah from \$25 to \$27, and in Michigan only \$17.

Nine state commissions with a membership of 37 and a state dairy and drug commissioner will be named soon by Gov. Sleeper under legislation passed by the last legislature. Numerous applications have been submitted for each position.

Representative Peterman, of Calumet, says the Calumet & Hecla, as well as nearly every mining company in the north country, is plowing up its vacant property and dividing the land among the heads of families, in plots of 50x100 ft. for potato raising.

Orders to discharge all incompetent officers in the Michigan National guard before the call to federal service on July 15, have been received by Col. Bersey. In military circles here it is not thought the order will have much effect, as there are said to be few such officers in the Michigan organization.

A squadron of cavalry is being raised for Michigan by Captain Hemrich A. Pickert. It will consist of four troops, two in addition to those now in existence.

## KIDNEY REMEDY HIGHLY RECOMMENDED

There is no medicine which we handle that gives such good results as your Swamp-Root. Many of our customers have informed us at different times that they have derived great benefit from its use.

There was one case in particular which attracted a great deal of attention in this neighborhood early last Spring, as the gentleman's life was despaired of and two doctors treating him for liver and kidney trouble were unable to give him any relief. Finally a specialist from St. Louis was called in but failed to do him any good. I at last induced him to try your Swamp-Root and after taking it for three months, he was attending to his business as usual and is now entirely well. This case has been the means of creating an increased demand for your Swamp-Root with us.

Very truly yours,  
L. A. RICHARDSON, Druggist.  
May 27, 1918. Marine, Illinois.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You. Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Piquette, N. Y. for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

His Threat. A month or two after the war started a collier entered a large hotel on Tyneside and ordered refreshments, saying: "Big prices now; Aa might as well be a big man."

On discovering that the waiter was a German, the irate pitman, choking with anger, leaped to his feet, ran the frightened Teuton to the door, and assisted him into the roadway with his foot, and then, wheeling round upon the trembling, expostulating proprietor, he spluttered:

"Man, if I vor ye dare to set a thunderin' Jarman to wait on me agyen, Aa'll twist ye an' him round yor aan necks, an' ram th' pair o' ye haufway doon yor aan throats until thar's nowt to be seen ov ye but th' ends ov yor dirty shirt-collars stickin' oot ov yor bloomin' red eyes. Noo ye knaa what to expect if ye de!"—London Tit-Bits.

## HEAL ITCHING SKINS

With Cuticura Soap and Ointment—They Heal When Others Fail.

Nothing better, quicker, safer, sweeter for skin troubles of young and old than itch, burn, crust, scale, torture or disfigure. Once used always used because these super-creamy emollients tend to prevent little skin troubles becoming serious, if used daily.

Free sample each by mail with Book, Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

### Canal Zone Pioneers Advise.

Of the hundreds of Americans who went to Panama in 1904, when the Americans took possession of the Canal Zone, less than fifty remain on the isthmus. The 1004 men, with whom are included several women, who came as nurses and have remained, have formed an organization, known as the Society of the Incas. Every year on May 4, the anniversary of the American occupation of the zone, they hold a banquet. This year, on the thirteen anniversary, they passed a resolution to offer themselves, as an organization or as individuals for whatever service the government should desire them, in the zone, in the United States, in France or elsewhere.

### He Was Far-Sighted.

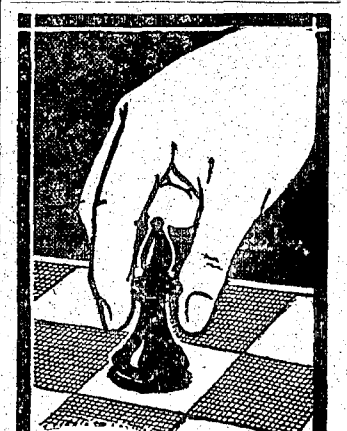
An ambitious colored man had quit his job and was being granted a new one with another concern, when his employer asked him if he could be ready to commence work in two weeks. He replied: "I fear dat would be difficult for me to be ready in two weeks, but I could be ready in one week shore."

"How's that?" asked his employer. "Well, in one week I can finish de garden work," was his answer, "but if I is home the one week more de missus would be rushin' me into de middle of house-cleanin'!"—The Christian Herald.

### A Real Patriot.

"You ought to be proud of your boy."  
"We are. He volunteered to serve his country without insisting on being enlisted as an officer."

You can't always keep your neighbors from saying foolish things, but you can close your ears.



A Wise Move

is to change from coffee to

POSTUM

before the harm is done.

"There's a Reason"



## Crawford Avalanche

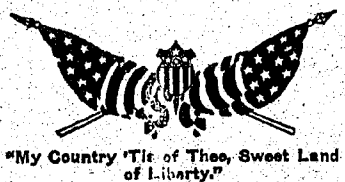
O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50  
Six Months......75  
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JUNE 7



"My Country 'Tis of Thee, Sweet Land of Liberty"

## COUNTY ROAD SYSTEM ADOPTED BY LARGE MAJORITY.

## But One Township in County to Vote it Down.

The county road system question, which was presented to the voters in a special election Monday of this week, was carried by a large majority.

Beaver Creek and Lovells had clean slates with no dissenting votes. The precinct of Deward in Frederic township also voted unanimously for it. South Branch township was the only one with a majority against it.

The vote in the several townships was as follows:

	Yes.	No.
Grayling	228	16
Frederic	27	26
Pre. No. 2	13	—
Maple Forest	22	5
South Branch	10	17
Beaver Creek	23	—
Lovells	14	—
	337	64

It is expected that the Board of supervisors will convene soon and elect three county road commissioners.

FOR QUICK RESULTS USE OUR WANT COLUMN—THE COST IS SMALL.

## ARTHUR FOURNIER, FORMER GRAYLING BOY COMPOSES NEW WAR SONG.

## "For the Glory of the U. S. A." Patriotic Melody, is Stirring the West.

The front page of the Los Angeles Evening Herald, of May 15th is devoted mostly to something which no doubt will be of interest to Grayling people, and the many friends of Arthur M. Fournier. He with Michael Corper as author, has composed a new war song, entitled "For the Glory of the U. S. A." This new patriotic melody is stirring the west, and is the opinion that this song will become as popular to the American people as the "Star Spangled Banner" or any other of our patriotic airs.

Mr. Fournier is the son of Mrs. Lucien Fournier of Royal Oak, formerly of this city. He graduated with high honors from our High school. Most of his life has been devoted to music, and he is considered as one of the greatest musicians in the west. He has been working on a wonderful musical comedy entitled "Up in the Air" for a year or more, which is just about completed. He has written all the music for the comedy, and words to many of the songs.

Mr. Fournier is following up his musical career with remarkable success, and the Avalanche join with his many friends in congratulating him upon the same.

## Crawford County Registered 421.

The registration in the several townships was as follows:

Beaver Creek	24
Frederic	56
Maple Forest	13
Grayling	292
South Branch	20
Lovells	16
Total	421

Among those who registered there was not one who was a citizen of any of our alien enemies.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AVALANCHE.

## Local News

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Jerome are in Detroit to attend the marriage of their son George, which is to occur next Saturday.

The Eastern Star Chapter held initiation last evening and at this time, Miss Eulah Maxwell was initiated into the order.

Hubbard Head, of South Branch township, one of the earliest settlers and best known men of this County, an ex-soldier in the war of the Rebellion, was mustered out yesterday afternoon. Further notice next week.

C. J. Hathaway is getting a new lens grinding machine for his optical department. C. J. is surely keeping up-to-date and is recognized as one of the leading optometrists in the country. His reputation has spread beyond the confines of Michigan.

Thursday, June 14 is Flag day. Governor Sleeper suggests that there be flags displayed from every public building and, so far as practicable, on all private dwellings, and also that all our people, both young and old, wear miniature flags upon their person.

Announcements were received by Grayling friends this morning of the marriage of Miss Gertrude Julia Swanson to Mr. Harry A. Lundberg and Miss Thyra Elizabeth Swanson to Tracy T. Vanuice, that occurred Friday, June 1, at San Francisco, Calif. The brides are daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Swanson of Aberdeen, Wash., who formerly resided in Grayling. They attended the Grayling schools here and have a host of friends who extend congratulations and best wishes.

## Has a Good Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"Chamberlain's Tablets are a wonder. I never sold anything that beat them," writes F. B. Tressey, Richmond, Ky. When troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial.

## Red Cross Will Make Membership Campaigns in City and Townships.

At a meeting of the directors of Crawford County Chapter of American Red Cross yesterday afternoon it was decided to hold special membership campaign days in Grayling and in the several townships of the county. Committees will be appointed to cover the village of Grayling, making a systematic canvass Wednesday next.

Thursday next, June 14, the supervisors of the several townships will arrange for meetings in their home communities where the Red Cross work will be explained and memberships will be received. It is intended that at the several meetings in the townships to have a committee from Grayling present to assist the Township Supervisors, all of whom are members of the board of directors.

Arrangements at this time for the township meetings are not complete however it is expected that these will be held in the town halls or school houses and be opened at about 7 p. m. Lovells township meeting will be at the above mentioned time and be held in the Douglas pavilion at Lovells.

Those in authority are requested to get as many members before the campaign days, above mentioned, as possible. There are several kinds of memberships costing from \$1.00 per year up to \$100.

The local committee suggests that the \$1.00 per year memberships be encouraged and not the larger amounts. One half of the \$1.00 subscriptions is left with the Crawford County chapter and the balance must be sent to the National Red Cross at Washington. \$10 and \$25 subscriptions must be paid in full to the National and the local chapter gets nothing.

The money is needed in Crawford county with which to purchase supplies, which will be made into bandages, aprons, hospital garments and other necessities. Those who wish to contribute more than \$1.00, the committee suggests, may give the money directly in the County chapter. Here it will assist in many ways in getting the work started.

Of course everybody is interested in Red Cross work and will want to assist in the work of getting organized and getting members. The executive committee will appreciate every bit of assistance afforded them. In the townships as well as in Grayling village, an invitation is extended to any and all who care to do so, to call on some one in authority and offer their services in the membership campaign. The supervisors of the several townships are members of the Board of directors and they would be the right ones to apply to outside of Grayling. Chairman T. W. Hanson or Secretary Mrs. Olaf Michelson are in direct authority in the city.

Do not forget the membership campaign days—Grayling, Wednesday, June 13, Townships outside of Grayling, Thursday, June 14. These are the days selected to close the membership campaign.

## Methodist Episcopal Church Notes.

## SUNDAY SERVICES.

Morning service at 10:30 o'clock. Evening service at 7:00.

On Sunday afternoon June 10th a special "Oddfellow" sermon will be preached in the M. E. church by request of the Order. I shall be glad to see every Oddfellow present. Time 2:00 o'clock.

Speaker, Aaron Mitchell.

## BRAINS AND SKILL.

## What They Have Contributed to the Motorist's Pleasure.

"The most surprising thing about automobiles to me is the simple fact that they render the splendid service they do," says A. M. Lewis, the druggist and local dealer in Oldsmobiles. "We now rely on them so confidently that we lose sight of the fact that they are in truth wonderful, complicated, and, in some respects, delicate machinery."

"In the average car to-day there are from twenty-five hundred to three thousand parts. In the motor alone are several hundreds of these. From our experience with the simple tools we all use in our daily work, we know the possibility of any one part giving trouble. If we were told to operate a machine built of three thousand parts we would wish we were expert mechanics."

"Besides involving scores of mechanical principles, many of which are new to the mechanical world, automobile construction embodies many principles of electricity, and of hot and cold water, and of lubrication, etc. Some of the parts are shaped by the mighty blows of monster drop forges while others are so minute and delicate they exact the care and pains of a watchmaker."

"And when all this is assembled together, it is mounted on wheels, and given over to people from every walk of life, to use with care or speed at sixty miles an hour."

"It's the brains of the automobile engineers, and the skill of the motor car mechanics, and the science and exactness of the army of inspectors that have made the automobile the dependable vehicle it is. In the Oldsmobile factory, for instance, a corps of inspectors equipped with every appliance, carefully handles all materials received."

Then it has been made up into various units, such as motors, axles, etc., these units are also put thru an uncompromising test. They in turn are assembled into the chassis and given over to the road testers, who are unrelenting in their efforts to find something wrong. The bodies are then mounted and the car carefully completed and passed on to final inspection. Here every Oldsmobile undergoes a most rigid examination and must measure up in every detail to the factory high standards."

## WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No ad. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

LOST—Wednesday, a gold bar pin with small pearl setting. Finder kindly return same to Miss Brasie at the Emil Kraus store.

WANTED—A vacuum cleaner, to rent. Phone 303.

HOUSES FOR SALE—I have over fifty houses to dispose of immediately at Deward, Mich. Anyone wishing a bargain in lumber now is your chance. S. C. Pettigrove, Deward, Mich. 6-7-3

FOR SALE—Boy's second hand bicycle in good condition, 16 inch frame. John Phelps. 6-7-3

FOR RENT—Rooms over the Lewis Drug store. Inquire of T. Boeson. Phone 573. 5-31-2

FOR RENT—Garage. Good location. Phone 464. Mrs. Wm. Havens.

PIANO TUNING—Expert work, have tuned over 1,000 pianos and can guarantee satisfaction every time. Also Piano repairing. G. F. Burns. Leave orders at C. J. Hathaway's Jewelry store, Grayling, Phone 1273.

LOTS FOR SALE—The best bargain in Grayling—four lots, one a corner lot, for \$150.00 cash. Inquire at Avalanche office. 5-24-3

FOR SALE—Horse and new buggy. For sale or trade for stock. F. H. Milks. 5-24-4

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. A. L. Phelps, Game preserve, Grayling, or phone 75-3r. 5-24-3

FOR SALE—Team of horses. Weight about 2,200 lbs. Good general purpose team. Cheap if taken at once. Apply to A. L. Phelps, Game preserve, Grayling, or phone 75-3r. 2-4-3

FOR SALE—A desirable building lot in splendid part of city. A. M. Lewis. 5-24-3

FOR SALE—One black mare, weight 950 lbs., one single horse wagon, new last year, one pair sleighs, one pair cutter runners, one buggy, one sulky, two sets single harness. Will be sold cheap by J. C. Foreman.

GIRL WANTED—For general housework. Phone 1112, or inquire at Avalanche office, Grayling.

EGGS for hatching. From thoroughbred Barred Plymouth Rocks. \$1.00 per setting (15 eggs.) Phone 713. J. M. Bunting.

## Notice of hearing Claims before Court.

## STATE OF MICHIGAN

The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

In the matter of the estate of Peter Michelson, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that four months from the fifth day of June, A. D. 1917, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the village of Grayling, in said county, on or before the 5th day of October, A. D. 1917, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Monday the 5th day of October, A. D. 1917, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated June 4th, A. D. 1917.

OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate.

6-7-3

1878

1917

## The Pioneer Store

First Class Goods. Right Prices.

Always Our Motto.

We are Headquarters for

## Groceries and Provisions

Dry Goods,  
Furnishing Goods,  
Shoes, Hardware,  
Flour, Feed,  
Logs, Lumber,  
Shingles,  
Building Material  
of every kind

FARM and GARDEN SEEDS  
PACKET GARDEN SEEDS  
LAWN GRASS SEEDS, ETC.

## Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT  
Highest Market Price

## Salling, Hanson Co.

## FOR QUICK RETURNS

USE AVALANCHE WANT ADS

Our Advertising Columns Are the  
Merchant's Show Windows

## THE BIGGEST CHANCE OF THE SEASON

## Is now on at Frank's to Buy Your Shoes

At a sacrifice price, considering high prices which are staring you in the face. Broken sizes in ladies' and men's shoes at actually old prices—button and lace, different widths. I have had the largest May month since coming to Grayling and I am going to make it one better and make June my banner month.

## Ladies' Shoes

Over 100 pairs of ladies' walking shoes, worth \$3.00 and \$3.50 tans and blacks, at.....

\$1.89

One line of ladies' lace shoes worth \$2.50 and \$3.00, for.....

\$1.88

This is quoted from old prices, mind you. One line of ladies' shoes, patent and gun metal vamp, cloth top, lace, in brown, gray and champagne top, worth \$3.00 and \$3.50, for.....

\$2.48

I have latest things in ladies' Tennis High Shoes, rubber sole and heel, also pumps that are very dressy; patterned after the \$5.00 and \$6.00 shoes in style.

## To the Mothers

Boys' elk skins at \$1.98—the price I sold at when they were the very lowest. Bring your children here to buy their shoes, as old prices still prevail.

## Underwear and Shirts

When it comes to summer underwear and sport shirts, I laid a good line in last fall for spring trade. They start at old prices—50c and up.

Good dress shirts at 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25—all late patterns.

## Suit Cases

A big line from New York of all descriptions and sizes.

## Straw Hats

Remember the straw hat season is on now. Get your hat here.

## Just One Word to the Men

Men's lace or button dress shoes.....

\$2.89

A good shoe in lace or button \$3.50 and \$4.00.

One lot of Oxfords worth \$4.00 \$4.50, for.....

\$2.89

In the English dress shoes I have just received a line of dark browns, worth \$10.00 for.....

\$7.50

Florsheim, while they last, has advanced to \$8.00 and \$10.00 for \$5.50 and \$6.00. Lace and button, tan and black.

The noted Rice & Hutchins shoes in signet and all America for \$4.50 and \$5.00. In all late styles, button or lace.

I am here to tell you that it is impossible to beat my prices, as I took advantage and know whereof I speak.

Men's elk skins at \$2.29 and \$2.48, tan and black, actually worth \$3.00 and \$3.25, under prices of today. When it comes to that work stuff here's where you get it at prices that cannot very well be duplicated.

Tennis shoes—I have them in all kinds and all prices that were bought 20 per cent below regular price.

Men's rubber boots at \$2.98, bright finish. Also the red at \$3.95.

Thigh fishing boots at \$4.85. Also hip boots in B. F. Goodrich line at \$7.00.

## Clothing! Clothing!!

Get my prices as the stock is getting broken in sizes already.

Get the Habit and go to the Lemon Colored Store on the Hill

## Frank Dreese



# A LIFE PRESERVER

## THE CAREFUL DRUGGIST....

Has it ever occurred to you that a mistake in compounding your prescription may mean your death? How important, then, that you take them to a competent, careful pharmacist!

## GET OUR RECORD

In all of the years we have been serving this community we are proud to say that not a single mistake has been charged up to us. We take every possible precaution to guard your life and your health. May we serve you?

**A. M. LEWIS**

Your Druggist

Phone 18

## Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JUNE 7

Miss Nellie Charlefour was in Wolverine last Thursday.

Miss Maude Frary of Gaylord is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Grant Shaw here for a week.

June is the month of pearls. See the splendid assortment at Hathaway's in rings and strands.

Mrs. George Thompson and children of Atlanta, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Hodge.

Mrs. John Burke of Frederic and infant daughter were brought to Mercy hospital last Friday for treatment.

Mrs. David Montour and daughter, Bernadette, returned Monday from a few days visit with relatives in Staudish.

Axel Jorgenson came home from Detroit last Saturday to spend the summer with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Jorgenson.

Mr. and Mrs. Otis Geigler of Beaverton and Mr. and Mrs. David Howe of Holly spent Sunday at the home of M. W. Nicolls at Portage lake.

Mrs. J. C. Foreman and daughter, Miss Marie returned last Saturday from a several week's visit with relatives and friends in Grand Rapids.

The Hospital aid will meet at the home of Mrs. Andrew Balhoff Wednesday afternoon, June 14. Mrs. Balhoff and Mrs. Frank Tetu will entertain.

Frank Kraft of Port Huron, a member of Co. C, 33rd Mich. Infantry, now stationed at Fort Wayne, spent Sunday and Monday visiting friends here.

Mrs. Fred Brown Sr., left Tuesday morning for New York to visit relatives and friends at her old home in a small suburb town. She expects to be gone about three months.

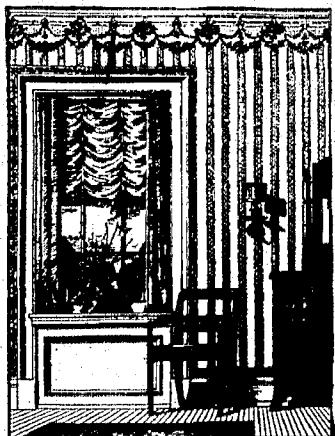
The L. O. O. F. will hold their memorial day Sunday, June 10. All Oddfellows and Rebekahs are requested to meet at L. O. O. F. hall at 1:00 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Miss Ethel Madell, having finished her term of school at Munger, Mich., is at the home of her sister, Mrs. Clayton Tennant of DuPont avenue, with whom she makes her home.

Mrs. Hans Petersen and Mrs. Earl W. Dawson and children spent several days of last week in Johannesburg visiting Mrs. Andrew Larson. Mr. Petersen and Mr. Dawson drove up Sunday after their families returning in the afternoon of the same day.

Mrs. Scott Loader and youngest daughter Mary arrived Saturday from Detroit and spent a few days visiting Mrs. Loader's father, John O. Goudrow and other relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Loader were former residents of Grayling and moved to Detroit about three years ago where Mr. Loader is proprietor of a barber shop.

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## Going On Cash Basis.

On and after June 15, 1917, this market will go onto a strictly cash basis. 5-31-3 F. H. Milks.

Miss Frida Olson spent Sunday with friends in Bay City.

Guy Pringle visited at his home in Bay City last Sunday.

M. P. Olson is building a fine new brick garage at his home.

Buy a Liberty bond. Easy payment plan. Ask for particulars at the Bank.

Mrs. B. Peter Johnson and children of Frederic visited relatives here last Sunday.

Herbert Trudeau spent the latter part of the week in Cheboygan and Onaway.

"Business as usual is America's slogan," so buy a Liberty Bond and a diamond too at Hathaway's.

Mrs. C. K. Jones of Standish is visiting her sister, Miss Nora Nye at the home of Hart Haire, this city.

Harvey Burrows of Flint is visiting his brother, Arnold here, and is assisting in the Game & Burrows market.

Miss Flora Borchers of the H. Petersen grocery left Monday to enjoy a week's vacation with friends in Hart, Michigan.

The St. Helens column of the Rockcommon Herald-News says Mr. and Mrs. Ingram of Beaver Lake have moved to Grayling.

A large fine new moose head, the emblem of the Moose lodge now adorns the walls of the local lodge rooms. It was purchased recently in Nebraska.

Floyd McClain and Leo Schram left for Bay City Saturday. The former will remain in Bay City for some time. Mr. Schram returned home the next day.

Miss Laura Neilson of Flint spent Sunday at the home of her sister, Mrs. Will J. Heric. Miss Laura came to attend the Senior banquet last Friday evening.

Mrs. Mary Vallad of Pinconning, who has been caring for her daughter, at Frederic, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Joseph Morency and other relatives here for a week or more.

Fred Hunter of this city, salesman for the National Blacuit company in Northern Michigan, says that his company has purchased a half million dollars' worth of Liberty Loan bonds.

George W. McCullough, Allen B. Failing, W. E. Russell and Oscar Soderquist, members of the local lodge L.O.O.M., left Monday night to attend the State convention of the Moose lodge at Flint.

J. W. Johnson, Sigward Melmo and Alf Hanson, who have been working with the construction forces at the DuPont for the past year, left Tuesday to work in a similar capacity for the same firm at Washburn, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie McNeven, former old residents of Grayling now making Flint their home, are here to spend the summer among their sons. They are also calling on many of their old friends and having a pleasant visit. Mrs. McNeven, who is quite elderly, is busying herself during her stay here knitting wristlets to be sent to the soldiers. This indeed shows patriotism.

Miss Gladys Dekette and Mr. Cecil Parker were united in marriage at the home of the bride last Sunday afternoon. Rev. Aaron Mitchell tied the knot, the ceremony taking place at 3:00 o'clock in the afternoon. Miss Florence Parker, the groom's sister, and Mr. Joseph Foster of West Branch attended the young couple. They left Monday morning on a honeymoon trip in the northern part of the state, expecting to be gone a month. Mr. Parker has been employed at the Model bakery for the past two years.

In announcing an auto accident between Carl Kellogg and Robert Marshall wherein both cars were badly damaged, we also stated that Mr. Kellogg was implicated in a similar head-on collision with a car belonging to Reuben S. Babbitt. Since our last publication we have learned that instead of Carl Kellogg it was Carl Kuehl who had the accident with Mr. Babbitt's car. We make this correction in justice to Mr. Kellogg. It may be of interest to know that Mr. Kuehl, mentioned above, is now located in Buffalo and is doing service in a federal aviation corps. If he is as daring and nifty a flyer as he appears to be a car driver he should become a top-notch.

Contractor George Lather of Traverse City was awarded last week Thursday, the contract to build at the Hanson State military reservation a \$25,000 hospital, a \$10,000 administration building and a 40x130 foot warehouse. The hospital is to be built of brick and will be two stories 32x136 ft.; the administration building will be built of wood and veneered with stucco. This will be 35x66 feet. The warehouse will be of brick. Mr. Lather already has his crew at work on the construction of a \$25,000 club house. This latter will be size 40x120 feet with a twelve foot porch entire length of the front and two sides. It will be arranged for a modern club and have a ball room 40x60 feet, besides parlors, rest rooms, billiard room and other features. It seems that since Mr. Lather built our school house anything in the building line, in and about Grayling, the people just simply can't get along without him. He has more than delivered the goods in every building he has constructed. Among the latter besides the school house are Shoppenagon's Inn, a double store building for Victor Salling and the new T. Hanson and Dr. Keyport residences.



## Some facts you should know about shoes

There has been a great change in the manufacture of footwear the last two seasons. Leather has been high and scarce and more and more shoes are being made with substitutes for leather in the heels, counters and insoles.

Nowadays, when you buy shoes only from "outside appearance" you're apt to be disappointed in their wear quite frequently. The right way to buy them is by their reputation.

That's why we are so enthusiastic about "Star Brand" shoes. They are made as shoes should be—all good leather from heel to toe—no "paper" or any other substitute for leather in any part of them. They are made for men, women, boys and girls—a shoe for every member of the family—all grades, styles and prices—dress, medium weight and work shoes.

You'll be sure to like "Star Brand" all-leather shoes, not only for their splendid wearing quality, but also for their style, fit and comfort.

Come to our store and let us fit you with what we believe to be the world's best shoes.

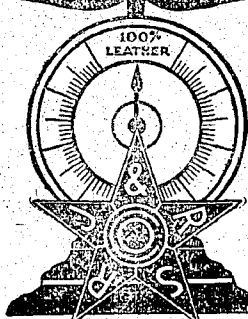


**GRAYLING MERCANTILE CO.**

"The Quality Store"

"Star Brand Shoes Are Better"

They Cost less per Month.



Misses Flora Malco and Celia Callahan of Frederic were in Grayling Monday.

Don't forget that Hathaway's stock is complete with suitable gifts for the graduate.

Mrs. Lucile Baker of Bay City was in Grayling on business last Friday and Saturday.

Frank Michelson and family of Detroit, arrived here Monday and are at their summer cottage at Portage lake.

There will be no services at the Danish-Lutheran church next Sunday on account of the absence of Rev. Kjelshede.

Expressman Guy Pringle has been ordered to Macinaw Island and will leave at once. He will be succeeded by Merrill Jerreau of Bay City. Mr. Pringle expects to return to Grayling next fall.

The local order of the Ladies' Benefit association held a pleasant meeting Tuesday evening. Mrs. Emma Salt was present from Port Huron, and four new applications were voted on. Miss Eulah Maxwell was chosen press correspondent.

"Seven Deadly Sins," a new short serial is running at the Opera house every Monday evening. "Envy" was the first, which was shown May 28th. Last Monday evening the second installment was "Pride." This is a very popular serial and is drawing large crowds each Monday evening. It features some of the very best noted movie actors and actresses. Next Monday evening will be "Greed," featuring Nance O'Neil.

Miss Vera Shier has been visiting her sister, Miss Ula Shier the past several days enroute from Ypsilanti Normal to her home in Wolverine.

Mrs. Karen Fischer, and daughter, Mrs. Albert Hake and her little daughter, Melita of Dickinson, North Dakota, arrived here last Friday to visit relatives and friends during the summer months. They are guests at the home of Mrs. Fischer's sister-in-law, Mrs. Edward Sorenson.

## RAPID

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Old Shoes Made New

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Potato and Corn Planters and Hand Cultivators.

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Aluminum Cooking Utensils of all kinds.

We carry Sewing Machine Needles for every make of machine.

Highest grade of Automobile Oils carried in stock.

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If you are going to paper, let us send you our wonderful Style Book of newest 1917 decorations. Here are the 22 wall papers which set the styles for 1917

Large Actual Samples of 1917 Wall Papers

This 9x15 inch book shows a number of papers for each room in the house, ranging from the cheapest that is good to the best that is made. Illustrates in actual colors up-to-date rooms decorated with these papers. Full of useful information on how to beautify your home.

Handsomely printed in five colors. Suggests modern color harmonies and traces present tendencies in home decoration. You will find it interesting and suggestive. Gladly sent without expense or obligation to you. Right now we have many beautiful high-class decorations at prices from 12c up the double roll. You can buy good, durable, tasteful wall paper here cheaper than you can get it anywhere else. See the paper in the roll just as it will appear on your wall. Buy all you need. Return unused rolls. We are glad to help you plan your decorations to get the most beautiful and stylish effects at modest expense.

Call, write or phone to-day for your copy of the 1917 Home Decoration Book.

**SORENSEN BROS.**

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# What Can We Do?



There are some matter-of-fact, highly practical ways in which women can manifest their patriotism. They are not at all spectacular—just plain, everyday, commonplace services—but they leave no room for doubt as to the sincerity that prompts them. First of these is the conservation of food for future use. It appears that an abundance of vegetables and fruits will be grown this year and it is up to the housewives to see to it that much greater quantities are canned, dried and otherwise preserved, than in normal times. Then, in case of shortage in any quarter, there will be a reserve to call on in other localities.

About the next most useful thing to do is to gather up all old materials that can be used to make surgical dressings, and have them thoroughly washed. These materials may be shipped to the National Surgical Dressings Committee, at 290 Fifth Avenue, New York City. In old materials the committee asks for linen and cotton, blankets and spreads, sheets and pillow cases, tablecloths and napkins, towels and underclothing. This committee is thoroughly organized for war relief and is engaged in making a variety of surgical dressings out of old and new materials. Many cities and towns have sub-committees who gather and forward donations to headquarters. Over 1,000 hospitals are served on the continent and over 8,000,000 dressings have been shipped to them.

Women who have the leisure, may organize a sub-committee in communities that have none. The national committee welcomes the names of people who might be interested in forming sub-committees. Volunteer workers make up old and new materials into surgical dressings and all other work is donated, so that the real spirit

of service is maintained throughout the organization.

A great work to be done for the American Red Cross. Its membership must be brought up to the strength required by the war and that is the first business in hand. Individual memberships for one year, cost only one dollar and two dollars will pay for a year's membership and subscription to the Red Cross magazine, which is issued monthly. Nearly all communities have a chapter or other representation of the Red Cross, but where there is none, anyone may send in an application for membership addressed to the American Red Cross, Washington, D. C. We must look to the Red Cross to save the lives of wounded soldiers and every American woman will want to help in this matter.

There are many activities in the work of the Red Cross that are in the hands of women. The making of hospital supplies, comfort kits and many other things for the soldiers will keep a big army of women busy for some time. This part of the work is done under the supervision committee on hospital supplies and workers in each community must be trained in order to the standards required by the U. S. army. Hospitals, churches, schools, clubs and organizations of all kinds are assisting in this work. Classes for instruction are being formed everywhere. Pupils in these classes are being taught how to make bandages, hospital garments and everything needed, how to pack them in the right way, and fitted to teach others to do this work. Unemployed and especially unmarried women, can give much of their time to this work and every woman will want to have some part in it.



NEAT HOUSE DRESSES OF HEAVY COTTONS

Some women contrive to do their own housework in neat house dresses that bespeak them the mistresses of their occupation. They never look driven and overwhelmed by work, or as if they were left with no time to consider the matter of personal appearance. They look capable—as they are—of meeting the obligations of life, that are of all most important, and their house dresses tell their whole story.

The house dress, like the tailored suit, is here—was here and is always going to be here, like bread and butter. Its business is to be strong, convenient, plain and shapely and to stand wear and tear with little change of aspect. It must be put to the test of the wash tub and emerge therefrom fresh and whole. Because it is plain is no reason why it should be unattractive.

The house dress of today is made of strong, cotton fabrics with very occasional exceptions, when coarse unbleached linen is used. These exceptions are destined to become more rare and cotton fabrics are the best for them. The heavy gingham, galatea and border garden cloth, chambray and Scotch madras linens and other strong weaves repay best the work of making them up.

A good model in linen is shown in the picture. This is a heavy cotton that looks like unbleached linen. Plain gingham, in white and green, is used for a sailor collar and for a belt that goes twice about the body, also for the cuffs. The belt buttons in front and the dress is fastened up the side with bone buttons. This allows it to be spread flat for ironing and adds to its trim finish.

From Checked Toweling. Diverted from its purpose, taken from the duty of drying fragile china and crystal-clear glass, red and white checked toweling makes charming aprons and caps for kitchen wear. A straight piece of toweling about 36 inches long is cut so as to slip on over the head. It ends at the waistline in the back where it is gathered into a band the ends of which fasten around to the front. Buttonholing in red finishes the neck and the lower edge. A simple design is worked in

blue and red and a pocket is also ornamented with embroidery. The cap is cut large enough to envelop all the hair. The only attempt at ornamentation is on the turnover flap in front where the same design that is on the apron is carried out.

Crochet Stitch Border on Gray Chiffon. Navy and gray chiffon are combined in a trimmed frock bordered in a wide crochet stitch, the tunic four paneled of gray in uneven lengths is held by a heavy gray cord.

## THE KITCHEN CABINET

Let us realize that thoughts are forces, that like creates like, and attracts like and to determine one's thinking therefore is to determine his life.—Ralph Waldo Trine.

### SHELLFISH DISHES.

When the oyster season closes clams, crabs and shrimps have their season. In many parts of our country these may be obtained fresh from the water, but the canned variety is not to be despised.

Plain boiled crab eaten right from the shell with a bowl of melted butter to dip them into, must once be eaten to prove it is one of the choicest of dishes.

Crab Salad.—The crab meat is carefully removed from the shell after being cooked in boiling salted water, mixed with salad dressing and served on lettuce or a bed of water cress.

Deviled Crab.—To the meat from a dozen crabs add a tablespoonful of bread crumbs, one hard cooked egg, chopped fine, a dash of pepper, two tablespoonfuls of salad dressing and onion or catchup to suit the taste. Put this mixture into the cleaned shells, sprinkle with buttered crumbs and bake until the crumbs are brown.

Clam Chowder.—Fry four slices of salt pork, cut in fine dice, until brown; then add two tablespoonfuls of flour, and one large onion chopped fine. When the onion is light yellow add a cupful or two of diced raw potato and a pint of boiling water and when they are nearly tender drop in a quart of clams that have been chopped or ground, season with salt and pepper, add a pint of hot milk and serve piping hot with crackers.

Crab Stew.—Melt a tablespoonful of butter, add two of flour and cook until well blended. Add a beaten egg with a pint of milk, a pinch of soda and the meat of half a dozen crabs, salt, pepper and celery salt to taste. Serve with hot houlmy. Shrimps carefully cleaned are served with celery on a bed of lettuce with salad dressing.

Crab Croquette.—Prepare the crabs as for deviled crab, removing the brown part. Mold in the form of croquettes, add a little baking powder to the bread crumbs used for dipping, using a yolk of egg and as much cold water as egg. Dip the croquettes in the crumbs, then egg and crumbs again and fry as usual in deep fat.

Fish Soup.—This is made of the fish bones and trimmings cooked with carrots, bay leaf, leeks, parsley, a half dozen oysters and three potatoes, using a quart of the fish stock.

Happiness depends quite as much on what we don't do as upon what we do.

Gold is good in its place; but living, patriotic men are better than gold.—J. R. Lowell.

### GOOD SEASONING.

There seems to be no difference of opinion in regard to the value of properly seasoning food. A plain dish, with an artist's hand in seasoning, becomes something unusual and delightful, while all the rich foods in the world put together with no care as to combination or of proper seasoning will be "a mixture and a mess."

We must revive the old-fashioned herb garden of our grandmothers if we are to realize the true zest of well-preserved herbs. She realized that her meats, soups, as well as cakes, doughnuts and crullers, lacked charm without the well-chosen herbs or spices. She did not know that when she used a bit of parsley to garnish her platter of cold meat she was contributing to the health of her family as well as their artistic sense. Parsley acts upon the kidneys, assisting in the elimination of waste.

Some of the most inexpensive seasonings that may be grown in the kitchen garden, and will prove a delight to see growing as well as to use in winter to increase the palatability of various dishes, are the following: Parsley, mint, dill, tarragon, sage, thyme, marjoram, chervil, horseradish, mustard, celery (celery tips dried), caraway seed, and mushrooms, dried. To these we add curry, mace, nutmeg, cloves, mixed pickle spices and bay leaves.

Mint is used with lamb in different salads and as an addition to a refreshing drink.

Sage as a seasoning in stuffings for pork roasts or poultry or ham. Added to cornmeal mush for frying or as a seasoning for string beans.

Thyme and marjoram, with fowl, squab or fish and in dressing for meats and with boiled beans.

Chervil as a garnish for salads and meats, green mustard sprinkled over lettuce or any salad, horseradish as a relish for meat and a seasoning for pickles as well as sauce for fish. Curry adds zest to various meat dishes or served with rice or cabbage, cauliflower, carrots or onions.

Dill, fresh, in egg or plain salads, cream soups or boiled fish.

Not in Accord. "I sent you a thought wave just now," said the temperamental young man. "Did you receive it?" "I don't know," answered the practical young man. "I felt something blowing on the back of my neck, but I supposed it was a draught."

Rather Nasty. Parker.—And you say that she was loudly dressed? Omar.—Well, not exactly that, she was, but her skirts made a lot of noise.

Happiness is the only good. The place to be happy is here. The time to be happy is now. The way to be happy is to make others so.—Robert Ingersoll.

### WAYS OF SERVING FRUITS.

Toss some ripe even sized strawberries in French dressing to marinate. Serve them on lettuce leaves with chicken or lamb.

Strawberry Gâteau.—Make a round sponge cake and when cold scoop out the inside and cover with a pink icing, then fill the center with whipped cream and strawberries that have been cut up and sugared to taste. Pile high and garnish with small ripe berries. Make a handle of angelica and serve at once.

Strawberry Strup.—Take six pounds of strawberries, two pints of water, two ounces of tartaric acid and the sugar needed. Dissolve the acid in the water and pour over the fruit. Let stand twenty-four hours, then strain off the juice without crushing the fruit. All or three cupfuls of sugar to every pint of juice and when boiling hot, bottle and seal. This strup may be used for fruit drinks, pudding sauces and sherbets.

Cherry Mousse.—Cook together a pound of cherries and one-half cupful of sugar. Put two tablespoonfuls of cherry juice into a basin, add the yolks of two eggs and cook over water stirring until creamy; dissolve one and a half teaspoonfuls of powdered gelatin with a half cupful of cherry juice, add it to the yolks, with one-half cupful of whipped cream and the whites of the eggs beaten stiff and a few drops of red color. Pour into small wet molds lined round with paper; decorate with whipped cream and pistachio nuts.

Fruit Salad.—Take a cupful of strawberries, one-half cupful of ripe raspberries, half a cupful of stoned cherries, three bananas, one-half cupful of red currants, one-half cupful of white currants and two tablespoonfuls of chopped coconut. For the salad dressing, cook together a half cupful of water, six tablespoonfuls of sugar, and a cupful of fruit juice, when thick as sirup remove and chill. Pour over the fruit and sprinkle with chopped coconut just before serving.

Almond Sauce.—Stone and chop six olives, add half a cupful of blanched and shredded almonds and half a cupful of celery cut fine. Serve on lettuce leaves with mayonnaise.

When serving a cold drink, to make the glass more attractive roll it in hot water then fill with the iced drink.

To be honest, to be fearless, to be just, joyous, kind. To get up immediately when we stumble, face again to the light and travel on without waiting even a moment in regret.—R. W. Trine.

### GOOD THINGS FOR THE TABLE.

The following dish is a good one for a hot dish, as a large number may be served at slight cost.

Hot Chicken Sandwich.—Cook the chicken until very tender in plenty of water, which will be used in making the gravy. Cool and remove the meat from the bones and cut it into bits with the scissors. Put the skin and giblets, omitting the liver, through the meat chopper and mix the chicken with enough stock to make the mixture moist; season well with salt and pepper. Thicken the remaining stock with one and a half tablespoonfuls of flour mixed with cold water, using this amount for every cupful of stock. Let it boil and season well.

When serving, allow two slices of bread cut thin; place one slice on a hot plate, spread a spoonful of the chicken mixture over it and cover with a second slice, then dip a ladle of gravy over it. Serve with a generous portion of well-cooked rice or mashed potatoes. One chicken cooked and served in this manner will serve 15 people.

Boiled Russian Dressing.—Take two-thirds of a cupful of any kind of boiled salad dressing, four tablespoonfuls of strained chili sauce, two tablespoonfuls of diced pimientos, a half tablespoonful of chives cut in half-inch lengths, and a tablespoonful of tarragon vinegar. Mix all the ingredients and chill well; then serve on lettuce.

Egg Dish.—Melt a tablespoonful of butter in a baking dish, cover with crumbs and pour over a half a can of mock turtle soup diluted with a third of a cupful of hot water. Break five eggs very carefully over the top. Sprinkle with half a teaspoonful of salt, an eighth of a teaspoonful of pepper and a third of a teaspoonful of curry powder well mixed. Dot with bits of butter and bake from 12 to 15 minutes.

Green Pea Omelet.—A few left-over green peas may be stirred into an omelet just before putting to cook and served with a circle of them around the platter.

A Misunderstanding. Lady of the House (discharging the cook as easily as possible)—I shall have to get another servant, Martha. The Cook.—Dat won't be too many, ma'am, 'cause there's work enough heah fo' three girls, ma'am.

Misunderstood Her. "Willie, you musn't fight any of the boys in your class."

"Well, if you think I'm going out of my class and go up against some 110-pound guy, you're mistaken."

## BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

### THE RELIGIOUS ELEMENT

The Boy Scouts of America maintain that no boy can grow into the best kind of citizenship without recognizing his obligation to God, according to the constitution and by-laws recently adopted by the incorporators. In the first part of the boy scout's oath or pledge the constitution states, the boy promises, "On my honor I will do my best to do my duty to God and my country, and to obey the scout law." The recognition of God as the ruler and leading power in the universe, and the grateful acknowledgment of his favors and blessings, is necessary to the best type of citizenship, and is a wholesome thing in the education of the growing boy. No matter what the boy may be—Catholic or Protestant or Jew—this fundamental need of good citizenship should be kept before him. The Boy Scouts of America therefore recognize the religious element in the training of a boy, but it is absolutely non-sectarian in its attitude toward that religious training. Its policy is that the organization or institution with which the boy scout is connected shall give definite attention to his religious life.

### BLACKBERRIES.



One of the Joys of camp life among the scouts.

### NOT TO DO WORK OF MEN.

The Boy Scout movement does not put the idea of killing in the mind of Boy Scouts; it does not put instruments of death into their hands. Uncle Sam would not want boy soldiers. Military work is a man's work. There is no reason why the nation should ask its boys to become soldiers. They are needed for boys' work.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt, Maj. Gen. Leonard A. Wood, the secretary of war, the secretary of the navy, the chief of staff of the United States army—these men, seriously concerned with the proper preparation of our boys for their full duty as citizens, are officers of the Boy Scouts of America.

The boys' work in the Boy Scouts of America does not include strictly military drill. The Scout movement has found a better way to train and use boys in our country's service in times like these. The eminent military man named above, the president of the United States, governors, educators, pastors, business and professional men know, and have said, that the Scout movement provides more beneficial training for boys of Scout age than any "military" course.

### SCOUTS KNOW HOW.

A scout does not run away or call for help when an accident occurs. If a person is cut he knows how to stop the flow of blood and gently and carefully bind up the wound. If a person is burned his knowledge tells him how to alleviate the suffering. If anyone is dragged from the water unconscious a scout at once sets to work to restore respiration and circulation. He knows that not a minute can be lost.

### STATE ASKS SCOUTS' AID.

For the first time in the history of the state, Ohio has called upon the Boy Scouts for help to battle a plague. The plague is the tussock moth, a pest that was destroying the trees of Canton, President McKinley's home town.

### TIPS FOR SCOUTS.

Offer your services as a leader to any organization in advancing this project. You can be of especial help to your teacher by undertaking to care for school and home gardens during your school vacation. Be a leader.

Learn to save your crop by home canning and drying, before the harvesting season begins.

If you can raise poultry, do so. Secure garbage food from neighbors and feed them at small cost to yourself. Eliminate waste.

The Last Word. "I suppose your wife always has the last word in the argument?"

"I dunno," replied Mr. Meekton, gloomily. "We haven't yet got near enough to the end of it to figure on the last word."

Heartless Fraud. "That rich old man that Maud married was a regular cheat."

"Why, wasn't he as rich as he said he was?"

## DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

BY MARY GRAHAM BONNER.

### CLOCK AND WATCH.

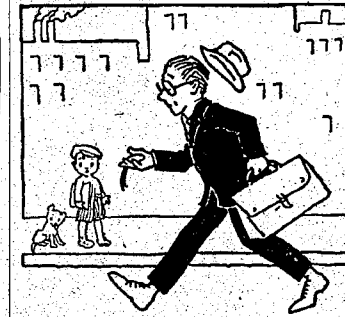
"It's too absurd," said the clock. "What is too absurd?" asked the watch which had been put on the stand beside the clock. "You are forever making those funny speeches which mean absolutely nothing."

"They mean something to me," said the clock. "Perhaps, perhaps," said the watch. "But that is a very selfish way of looking at things. Just suppose, for a moment, everyone only thought of what interested themselves and only talked of something they understood and no one else—what a very confusing world it would be. I do believe I'd get rattled and lose time, or else gain time to try to catch up to everything that was being said. In fact that is my trouble anyway. I am always trying to catch up. I have to."

"Now, there!" said the clock. "Who is confusing now? I am sure I don't know why you complain about the fact that I said something you didn't understand. For you've said something I don't understand!"

"That's fair enough," said the watch. "Fair enough," said the clock. "I'll admit, but dull."

"Nonsense!" said the watch, ticking very loudly in its excitement. "You



He Runs Around All Day.

have to keep good time or you wouldn't be left alone. You'd be sent to the clock mender's shop and you'd be tinkered with and pulled to pieces, and an old man with a strange-looking black eye-glass would peer at you and say to your master:

"The clock's main spring is broken, it will cost a great deal of money to have it fixed."

"And then your master will look at you and wonder if you are worth mending. And you'll be in fear and trembling that your master will think you are not worth it—which would make you much ashamed."

"Now, dear little watch," said the clock in a patronizing tone, "that may have been your experience, but it has never been mine. Goodness only knows how many times you have been to the watch mender's shop. But I have never been to one. And I do go my own sweet way. Of course I do my work—that is to keep time. It's just as easy as that to me as to be late."

Just as easy. All one has to do is to keep up with the hours and not waste moments. Wasting those moments is such a bad business. They're meant for things—moments—and they're mighty apt to creep up into half hours and even hours! But as we're really having such a nice sojourn here I'll tell you what I meant when I said 'It's too absurd,' but you must tell me what you meant when you said, 'I am always trying to catch up.' I meant that it was so absurd to hear people saying that someone has a face that would stop a clock. What they mean is that someone's face is very queer or very ugly. In the first place I wouldn't stop for any face! Only for my own. If my hands got twisted I'd stop—but for a real face, no, indeed! It's utterly absurd. And whoever started such nonsensical talk should never have the honor of owning either a clock or a watch. Also it is very rude and unkind. No one should talk about anyone's face in such a fashion. All the time they are talking, other people may not like their faces! All faces are different—and are liked for different things—lovely eyes or wonderful smiles."

"True," said the watch. "It's both an absurd thing to say and very, very unkind. Now when I said that I had to hurry and catch up—or rather try to catch up—I meant that my master has a foolish way of trying to hurry me up at the last moment. He waits and fuses and wastes his time, and then he wonders how he can reach somewhere on time—reaching there almost before he starts if he wants to be on time. Then I hurry and try to catch up to him as he seems in such a rush. And the trouble is I'm way ahead of the time he wants me to be. I try to keep up with his hurrying—for after he has wasted a great deal of time he does try to hurry. In fact he runs around all day trying to catch up with himself, and I run around with him. But I've learned enough not to vary. It's of no use. He tried putting me ahead of time one day but it was senseless when I disagreed with every other watch, and everyone said to my master, 'Your watch is fast.' We watches must agree, you know, and so I just got nervous trying to catch up with the lost moments for my master, and the only thing, I find, for him to do is to expect less of me and my mistakes but to start off everything ON TIME!"

### He Meant Well.

"Mary, are you very poor?" asked Tommy.

Mary, who had been brought to the dancing class in her mother's limousine, answered: "I don't think so. I'll ask papa."

"Mother said you did not look like you had enough to eat," said Tommy, "and if it's because you are poor, I'll save you something every day."

Cause Happy Thoughts. "It requires only one kind act to cause happy thoughts to flow."

## FOUR WEEKS IN HOSPITAL

No Relief—Mrs. Brown Finally Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Cleveland, Ohio.—"For years I suffered so sometimes it seemed as though I could not stand it any longer. It was all in my lower organs. At times I could hardly walk, for if I stepped on a little stone I would almost faint. One day I did faint and my husband was sent for and the doctor came. I was taken to the hospital and stayed four weeks but when I came home I would faint just the same and had the same pains."



A friend who is a nurse asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I began taking it that very day for I was suffering a great deal. It has already done me more good than the hospital. To anyone who is suffering as I was my advice is to stop in the first drug-store and get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before you go home."

—Mrs. W. C. Brown, 2844 W. 12th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

## DON'T CUT OUT A Shoe Boil, Capped Hock or Bursitis FOR ABSORBINE

will reduce them and leave no blemishes. Stops lameness promptly. Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. \$2 a bottle delivered. Book 6 free.

ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind, the antiseptic ointment for boils, burns, scalds, cuts, sprains, rheumatism, etc. Price \$1 and \$2 a bottle as druggists or delivered. Will tell you more if you write. W. F. YOUNG, P.D.F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

## DAISY FLY KILLER

placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Real clean, pleasant, economical, covered with a fine mesh of netting, will not slip over, will not injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by druggists, or direct from A. S. Richards Medicine Co., Shamrock, Tex.

## DEVELOPING ANY SIZE ROLL 10 BLACKS

ECZEMA! Money back without question if ECTEZ'S CURE fails in the treatment of ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 25c. Sold by druggists, or direct from A. S. Richards Medicine Co., Shamrock, Tex.

## LUMBER PATENTS

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 23-1917.

A New Measure for Distance. Some mud-bespattered autoists were attempting to reach Nashville, Brown county. Even with chains on their wheels, they were wasting loads of gasoline in investigating a washout or a valley which they had left triumphantly only a few minutes before.

Three times in three hours they had asked the distance and each time had received the same answer.

"About three miles to Nashville."

It is true that in those three hours they had had one blowout and once they had to get a team of horses to pull them out of the mud. But even so, it seemed as if they could not be more than a half mile away. Finally they met a man on horseback.

"How far to Nashville? Three miles, I suppose?" But the fine sarcasm was not lost on him. He grinned and said in a soft voice:

"You're 'most there. It's jest two hoops and a hollar away."—Indianapolis News.

## LIFT YOUR CORNS OFF WITH FINGERS

How to loosen a tender corn or callus so it lifts out without pain.

Let folks step on your feet hereafter; wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

"He says that a few drops of a drug called freezeone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out."

This drug dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without even irritating the surrounding skin.

A small bottle of freezeone obtained at any drug store will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet.

If your druggist hasn't stocked this new drug yet, tell him to get a small bottle of freezeone for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

Just Reversed. Doctor.—Did he take the medicine I prescribed for him religiously?

Nurse.—No, sir; he swore every time.

About the Thing. "What does a press censor do, pop?"

"Oh, he just incenses everybody."—Baltimore American.

## Sore Eyes

Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Druggists or by mail 50c per bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye FREE ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.



# The Man Without A Country

By Edward Everett Hale

## FOURTH INSTALLMENT.

There is a story that Nolan met Burr once on one of our vessels, when a party of Americans came on board in the Mediterranean. But this I believe to be a lie; or, rather, it is a myth, born of the imagination of a man who has written a story which has been so successful, that it has been taken up by many others, and I mention this only as an illustration of the stories which get a-going where there is the least mystery at bottom.

So Philip Nolan had his wish fulfilled. Poor fellow, he repented of his folly, and then, like a man, submitted to the fate he had asked for. He never intentionally added to the difficulty or delicacy of the charge of those who had him in hold. Accidents would happen; but they never happened from his fault. Lieutenant Truxton told me that when Texas was annexed, there was a careful discussion among the officers, whether they should get hold of Nolan's handsome set of maps, and cut Texas out of it, from the map of the world and the map of Mexico. The United States had been cut out when the atlas was bought for him. But it was voted rightly enough, that to do this would be virtually to reveal to him what had happened, or, as Harry Cole said, to make him think Old Burr had succeeded. So it was from no fault of Nolan's that a great blotch happened at my own table, when, for a short time, I was in command of the George Washington corvette, on the South American station. We were lying in the La Plata, and some of the officers, who had been on shore, and had just joined again, were entertaining us with accounts of their misadventures in riding the half-wild horses of Buenos Aires. Nolan was at table, and was in an unusually bright and talkative mood. Some story of a tumble reminded him of an adventure of his own, when he was catching wild horses in Texas with his brother Stephen, at a time when he must have been quite a boy. He told the story with a good deal of spirit—so much so, that the silence which often follows a good story hung over the table for an instant, to be broken by Nolan himself. For he asked, perfectly unconsciously, "Pray, what has become of Texas? After the Mexicans got their independence, I thought that province of Texas would come forward very fast. It is really one of the finest regions on earth; it is the Italy of this continent. But I have not seen or heard a word of Texas for near twenty years."

There were two Texan officers at the table. The reason he had never heard of Texas was that Texas and her affairs had been painfully out of his newspapers since Austin began his settlements; so that, while he read of Honduras and Tamaulipas, and, till quite lately, of California, this virgin province, in which his brother had traveled so far and, I believe, had died, had ceased to be with him. Walters and Williams, the two Texan men, looked grimly at each other, and tried not to laugh. Edward Morris had his attention attracted by the third link in the chain of the captain's chandelier. Watrous was seized with a convulsion of sneezing. Nolan himself said that something was to pay, he did not know what. And I, as master of the feast, had to say:

"Texas is out of the map, Mr. Nolan. Have you seen Captain Back's curious account of Sir Thomas Roe's Welcome?"

After that cruise I never saw Nolan again. I wrote to him at least twice a year, for in that voyage we became even confidentially intimate; but he never wrote to me. The other men tell me that in those fifteen years he aged very fast, as well he might indeed, but that he was still the same gentle, uncomplaining, silent sufferer that he ever was, bearing as best he could his self-appointed punishment, rather less social, perhaps, with new men who he did not know, but more anxious, apparently, than ever to serve and befriend and teach the boys, some of whom fairly seemed to worship him. And now it seems the dear old fellow is dead. He has found a home at last, and a country.

Since writing this, and while considering whether or no I would print it, as a warning to the young of today of what it is to throw away a country, I have received from Danforth, who is on board the Levant, a letter which gives an account of Nolan's last hours.

To understand the first words of the letter, the nonprofessional reader should remember that after 1817 the position of every officer who had Nolan in charge was one of the greatest delicacy. The government had failed to renew the order of 1807 regarding him. What was a man to do? Should he let him go? What, then, if he were called to account by the department for violating the order of 1807? Should he keep him? What, then, if Nolan should be liberated some day, and should bring an action for false imprisonment or kidnapping against every man who had him in charge? I urged and pressed this upon Southard, and I have reason to think that other officers did the same thing. But the secretary always said, as they so often do at Washington, that there were no special orders to give, and that we must act on our own judgment. That means, "If you succeed, you will be sustained; if you fail, you will be disavowed." Well, as Danforth says, all that is over now, though I do not know but I expose myself to a criminal prosecution on the evidence of the very revelation I am making. Here is the letter:

"Levant, 22° 2' S. at 131° W.  
"Dear Fred—I try to find heart and

life to tell you that it is all over with dear old Nolan. I have been with him on this voyage more than I ever was, and I can understand wholly now the way in which you used to speak of the dear old fellow. I could see that he was not strong, but I had no idea that the end was so near. The doctor had been watching him very carefully, and yesterday morning came to me and told me that Nolan was not so well, and had not left his stateroom—a thing I never remember before. He had let the doctor come and see him as he lay there, the first time the doctor had been in the stateroom, and he said he should like to see me. Oh, dear! do you remember the mysteries we boys used to invent about his room, in the old Intrepid days? Well, I went in, and there, to be sure, the poor fellow lay in his berth, smiling pleasantly as he gave me his hand, but looking very frail. I could not help a glance round, which showed me what a little shrine he had made of the box he was lying in. The stars and stripes were triced up above and around a picture of Washington, and he had painted a majestic eagle, with lightning blazing from his beak and his foot just clamping the whole globe, which his wings overshadowed. The dear old boy saw my glance, and said, with a sad smile, 'There, you see, I have a country!' And then he pointed to the foot of his bed, where I had not seen before a great map of the United States, as he had drawn it from memory, and which he had there to look upon as he lay. Quaint, queer old names were on it, in large letters: 'Indiana Territory,' 'Mississippi Territory,' and 'Louisiana,' as I supposed our fathers learned such things; but the old fellow had patched in Texas, too; he had carried his western boundary all the way to the Pacific, but on that shore he had defined nothing.

"Oh, Danforth," he said, 'I know I am dying. I cannot get home. Surely you will tell me something now? Stop! stop! Do not speak till I say what I am sure you know, that there is not in this ship, that there is not in America—God bless her!—a more loyal man than I. There cannot be a man who loves the old flag as I do, or prays for it as I do, or hopes for it as

"Tell Me Their Names," He Said.

I do. There are thirty-four stars in it now, Danforth. I thank God for that, though I do not know what their names are. There has never been one taken away; I thank God for that. I know by that, that there has never been any successful Burr. Oh, Danforth, Danforth, he sighed out, 'how like a wretched night's dream a boy's idea of personal fame or of separate sovereignty seems, when one looks back on it after such a life as mine! But tell me—tell me something—tell me everything, Danforth, before I die!'

"Ingham, I swear to you that I felt like a monster that I had not told him everything before. Danger or no danger, delicacy or no delicacy, who was I that I should have been acting the tyrant all this time over this dear, sainted old man, who had years ago expiated, in his whole manhood's life, the madness of a boy's treason? 'Mr. Nolan,' said I, 'I will tell you everything you ask about. Only, where shall I begin?'

"Oh, the blessed smile that crept over his white face! and he pressed my hand and said, 'God bless you! Tell me their names,' he said, and he pointed to the stars on the flag. 'The last I know is Ohio. My father lived in Kentucky. But I have guessed Michigan and Indiana and Mississippi—that was where Fort Adams is—they make twenty. But where are your other fourteen? You have not cut up any of the old ones, I hope?'

"Well, that was not a bad text, and I told him the names, in as good order as I could, and he bade me take down his beautiful map and draw them in as I best could with my pencil. He was wild with delight about Texas, told me how his brother died there, he had marked a gold cross where he supposed his brother's grave was; and he had guessed at Texas. Then he was delighted as he saw California and Oregon—that, he said, he had suspected partly, because he had never been permitted to land on that shore, though the ships were there so much. 'And the men,' said he, laughing, 'brought off a good deal besides furs. Then he went back—heavens, how far—to ask about the Chesapeake, and what was done to Barron for surrendering her to the Leopard, and whether Burr ever tried again, and he ground his teeth with the only passion he showed. But in a moment that was over, and he said, 'God forgive me, for I am sure I forgive him.' Then he asked about the old war—told

me the true story of his serving the gun the day we took the Java—asked about dear old David Porter, as he called him. Then he settled, down more quietly, and very happily, to hear me tell in an hour the history of fifty years.

"How I wished it had been somebody who knew something! But I did as well as I could. I told him of the English war. I told him about Fulton and the steamboat beginning. I told him about old Scott and Jackson; told him all I could think about the Mississippi, and New Orleans, and Texas, and his own old Kentucky. And do you know he asked who was in command of the 'Legion of the West'? I told him it was a very gallant officer named Grant, and that by our last news, he was about to establish his headquarters at Vicksburg. Then, 'Where was Vicksburg?' I worked that out on the map; it was about a hundred miles, more or less, above his old Fort Adams; and I thought Fort Adams must be a ruin now. 'It must be at old Vicksburg,' said he; 'well, that is a change!'

"I tell you, Ingham, it was a hard thing to condense the history of half a century into that talk with a sick man. And I do not know what I told him—of emigration, and the means of it—of steamboats and railroads and telegraphs—of inventions and books and literature—of the colleges and West Point and the Naval school—but with the queerest interruptions that ever you heard. You see it was Robinson Crusoe asking all the accumulated questions of fifty-six years.

"I remember he asked, all of a sudden, who was president now; and when I told him, he asked if Old Abe was Gen. Benjamin Lincoln's son. He said he met old General Lincoln, when he was quite a boy himself, at some Indian treaty. I said no, that Old Abe was a Kentuckian like himself, but I could not tell him of what family; he had worked up from the ranks. 'Good for him!' cried Nolan; 'I am glad of that. As I have brooded and wondered, I have thought our danger was in keeping up those regular successions in the first families. Then I got talking about my visit to Washington. I told him of meeting the Oregon congressman, Harding; I told him about Smithsonian and the exploring expedition; I told him about the capitol and the statues for the pediment—and Crawford's 'Liberty'—and Greenough's Washington. Ingham, I told him everything I could think of that would show the grandeur of his country and its prosperity.

"And he drank it in, and enjoyed it as I cannot tell you. He grew more and more silent, yet I never thought he was tired or faint. I gave him a glass of water, but he just wet his lips, and told me not to go away. Then he asked me to bring the Presbyterian 'Book of Public Prayer,' which lay there, and said, with a smile, that it would open at the right place—and so it did. There was his double red mark down the page; I knelt down and read, and he repeated with me, 'For ourselves and our country, O gracious God, we thank thee, that, notwithstanding our manifold transgressions of thy holy laws, thou hast continued to us thy marvelous kindness—' and so to the end of that thanksgiving. Then he turned to the end of the same book, and I read the words more familiar to me: 'Most heartily we beseech thee with thy favor to behold and bless thy servant, the president of the United States, and all others in authority—and the rest of the Episcopal collect. 'Danforth,' said he, 'I have repeated those prayers night and morning, it is now fifty-five years.' And then he said he would go to sleep. He bent me down over him and kissed me; and he said, 'Look in my Bible, Danforth, when I am gone.' And I went away.

"But I had no thought it was the end. I thought he was tired and would sleep. I knew he was happy, and I wanted him to be alone. 'But in an hour, when the doctor went in gently, he found Nolan had breathed his life away with a smile. He had something pressed close to his lips. It was his father's badge of the Order of Cincinnati.

"We looked in his Bible, and there was a slip of paper, at the place where he had marked the text—'They desire a country, even a heavenly; wherefore God is not ashamed to be called their God: for he hath prepared for them a city.' 'On this slip of paper he had written:

"'Bury me in the sea; it has been my home, and I love it. But will someone set up a stone for my memory at Fort Adams or at Orleans, may my disgrace may not be more than I ought to bear? Say on it:—  
In Memory of  
PHILIP NOLAN  
Lieutenant  
in the Army of  
the United States.  
'He loved his country as no other man has loved her; but no man deserved less at her hands.'"  
(THE END.)

"Mickles' Maneuver.

"Henry, I've come to see your new stenographer," said his wife.

"But, my dear, she will offend your esthetic sense!" protested Mickles. "She's a sight. I told you she was a sight."

"Insist on seeing," replied Mrs. M. "Very well, but wait till I finish dictating a letter. It's very important—it's to Hibbins & Diggum canceling an order for a dozen lead pencils and must get off."

"I'll not wait a second."

"Just as you say, my dear. But your hat isn't on straight. There's a glass over there in the corner."

"O, dear, I'll just fix it. I'll be there in a minute."

And she went over to the glass to straighten her hat, and in the half hour it took her to do it, Mickles had let his beautiful new stenographer out the window on an improvised rope ladder, and hauled up a frightfully homely one for whom he had telephoned to the employment bureau.—Detroit Free Press.

In Japan the crater of an extinct volcano in which there are many hot springs is utilized as a sanatorium.

## LEGUME CROPS NEED HELP OF BACTERIA

Alfalfa, Clover, Peas and Vetch Must Be Inoculated to Insure Results.

## STATE FURNISHES CULTURES

Federal Supply Runs Out, but Bacteriological Laboratory at East Lansing Is Saving Day for Michigan.

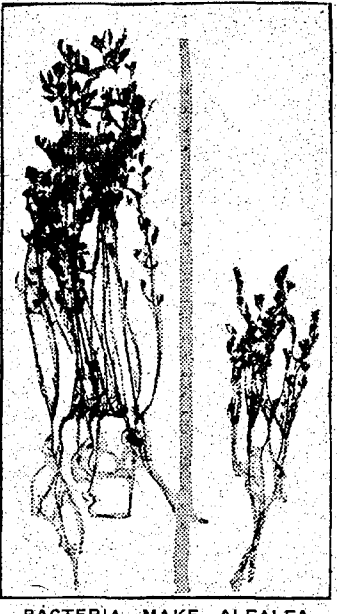
East Lansing, Mich.—Under pressure of the demand being made upon them for food and more food, Michigan farmers are expected this season to devote more ground than commonly to alfalfa and leguminous crops generally, but their success, in the case of alfalfa, at least, will be good or otherwise only if the seed or soil is inoculated with the right kind of bacteria.

These bacteria, which are principally furnished to the farmer in the form of cultures, are secured usually from the United States department of agriculture and the bacteriological department of the Michigan Agricultural college, but this spring the Michigan inoculation will be compelled to meet the demand alone, for notices sent out from Washington a few days ago announce that the federal bacteriologists will not fill any more orders until July 1. The crop campaign, it is said, has practically cleaned them out of the nodules-forming "bugs."

Still, the M. A. C. laboratory is expected to prove equal to the occasion, for while 2,000 or more cultures have already been sent to various parts of the state, there is reported to be a supply on hand adequate, at least, for Michigan's requirements.

Two methods of inoculation are employed. One of these consists in mixing the alfalfa or clover seed, as the case may be, with the bacterial culture. The other, known as the soil-inoculation method, consists in distributing over the field to be planted soil from some field which has produced good crops of nodule-forming legumes.

Where soil is used, 300 or 400 pounds of soil from the old alfalfa or clover field are put on each acre of the new field, either by running it through a



BACTERIA MAKE ALFALFA THRIVE.

The seed from which the plant on the left sprang up was inoculated. No treatment was given the puny plant on the right.

grain drill, or by broadcasting it, after the land has been fitted. The inoculating material should be taken from the top four or five inches of the old field, after an inch of the surface soil has been removed. The best time to apply it to the new field is in the evening, just before a rain, or during a rain. The inoculating, of course, should be done before the seed is sown.

When the purse cultures are employed, the procedure is as follows:

1. Do not open the bottle of culture until you are ready to treat the seed, and treat only as much seed as you can sow in a day.

2. Cover the seed with water and after standing from two to five minutes allow all moisture to drain away. (It is convenient to place the seed in a grain sack and dip into a tub of fresh, clean water, then suspend the sack for a few minutes.)

3. Spread the seed on a clean oil-cloth, table or floor in a clean, shady place.

4. Break up the culture by shaking or jarring the bottle against the hand, pour a little clean, cold water (from one to three teaspoonfuls) into the bottle of culture and mix the contents with the seed. It is recommended and thought best by many who are authorities in seed inoculation that about two ounces of granulated sugar be mixed throughout the mass of moistened seed before treating with the culture. The use of glue is condemned.

5. If the seed is too wet and sticky to plant, it may be spread out in the shade. It should be neither wet nor dry, but as moist as it can be and yet seed evenly. Plant the seed just as you would treat untreated seed.

6. A small strip should be planted with uninoculated seed for comparison and this should be seeded first.

## "U" RAID SURVIVORS ARRIVE

Guns from the Rockingham Tell of 48 Hours Adrift in Open Boat.

New York.—The British steamship which picked up 14 men of the American steamship Rockingham after that vessel was torpedoed and sunk off the Irish coast May 1 arrived here with them. Two men were killed. All the survivors have returned to America.

## FERTILIZERS HELP POTATOES

Improve Yield of Crop When Judiciously Applied.

East Lansing, Mich.—Fertilizers, applied judiciously, have been recommended by potato specialists of the Michigan Agricultural college as helpful "first aids" in improving the potato crop—though the warning is added that they are advocated to supplement stable manure, and not to take the place of it.

"Under war conditions," it is explained, "potash is too expensive to warrant its general use for potatoes. Nitrogen also is high in price, and should be used only sparingly and with judgment, but when a clover or alfalfa sod is plowed under the percentage of nitrogen need not be very great. A fertilizer containing from 2 to 3 per cent of nitrogen and from 8 to 12 per cent of phosphoric acid is desirable for the potato crop under present conditions.

"When a clover or alfalfa sod is plowed under, from 250 to 500 pounds of acid phosphate per acre will do, but if no manure has been applied to the sod, 200 or 250 pounds of fertilizer containing 2 per cent of nitrogen and from 8 to 10 per cent of phosphoric acid may be used in addition to the acid phosphate. Acid phosphate may be used with profit in larger quantities on heavier soils than on light ones.

"The results from the use of commercial fertilizers depend to a considerable extent upon the method of application. Very little benefit will result from the scattering of the fertilizer on the surface of the ground unless it is worked into the moist soil. A grain drill with a fertilizer attachment is a good tool for accomplishing this.

"If the potatoes are planted with a horse planter which has a fertilizer attachment, 200 to 250 pounds of fertilizer may be applied in the furrow and the remainder broadcast."

## POULTRY QUICK MEAT SOURCE

Cockerels Can Be Marketed When Four Weeks Old.

East Lansing, Mich.—In these days when quick meat production is almost as essential as big meat production, poultry offers a quick method of meeting market demands. If we are to believe what the American Poultry association is telling the public. To its recommendations the poultry department of the Michigan Agricultural college has added the suggestion that persons with a back yard which isn't being put to some useful purpose can profitably raise a few hens.

"Pullets," say the poultrymen, "can be brought into laying condition in four months' time. Cockerels can be marketed when four weeks old—added to which there is the fact that there is no other animal on the farm capable of converting waste material into so delicious meat in such a short period. "If every family living on the outskirts of our larger cities, or in the smaller villages, was to keep a half-dozen hens, the family food cost would be appreciably lowered through the production of eggs. Droppings from the table, instead of passing through the garbage can, would be transformed by hens into an article of food of highest merit—accomplishing at one stroke the double aim of the present campaign to conserve food, as well as to increase production.

"A well-bred hen will produce an average of ten dozen eggs a year, and for the small flock, which derives its maintenance from the home tables, a gain of \$2 a head would be realized.

"Ten hens will keep an average family in eggs for a year, and perhaps produce a few extra ones for sale. A hen needs but a square rod of space, and a backyard three rods by four rods will keep ten hens, and a piano box supplies all the required shelter. Lawn clippings will do for green food."

## CLEAN SEED INSURES BEANS

Precautions Must Be Taken to Guard Against Disease Losses of Other Years.

East Lansing, Mich.—Recalling the disastrous losses which the bean diseases, anthracnose and blight, have caused in the past, Michigan Agricultural college bean men are advocating planting of only strictly clean seed, if the Michigan farmer is going to do as effective work in the furrows this summer as the soldiers in the trenches.

Titled to the "bone," their recommendations are the following:

Plant the best beans obtainable, and use home-grown seed, rather than seed from outside of the state. California beans, for instance, will not mature in Michigan.

If your own seed is to be used, see first that it is carefully hand-picked and all blighted and frost-bitten beans taken out. Only clean seed will produce a clean crop.

Do not plant immature or frost-bitten beans. They will neither germinate well nor bring forth vigorous plants.

Do not cultivate the beans while wet with rain or dew. To do so will spread the blight.

Those in doubt as to the cleanliness of their seed are invited to send a sample to the botany department of the college for free examination.

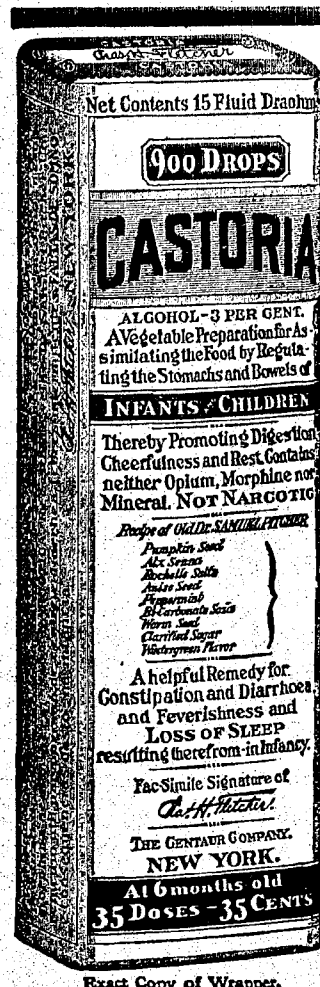
An effective use of manure this year is on fields intended for beans or late potatoes.

The application of either acid phosphate or soluble bone meal at the rate of from 200 to 300 pounds per acre is also advisable.

## MORE TREASURY NOTES OUT

\$200,000,000 Worth of Certificates of Indebtedness to Be Taken Up by Banks.

Washington.—The treasury department announced a third offering of \$200,000,000 worth of treasury certificates of indebtedness. Treasury officials expect the issue to be subscribed by the banks and trust companies of the nation within the next two or three days.



## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Hutchins

In Use For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## Relieve Your Liver

When your liver is out of order, your head, stomach, bile and bowels suffer with it. That is why a bilious attack is often serious. Ward it off with a few doses of

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

which gently arouse a sluggish liver, and renew the activities so necessary to good health. They never produce any disagreeable after-effects. Their prompt use is beneficial to the system, and will

## Prevent Bilious Attacks

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

Short With the Bore. Dr. Charles W. Elliot, who recently celebrated his eighty-third birthday in Cambridge, has always had a short way with bores.

In a hotel one day a bore tackled Doctor Elliot and talked straight ahead for ten minutes about classical literature, the best hundred books, ten-foot shelves, and so forth.

"I tell you," Doctor Elliot interrupted warmly—"I tell you, man, there are no muscles to compare with the abloons muscles you get in 'Frisco." "No doubt," said the bore, "but what has that got to do with what I was talking about?"

Doctor Elliot yawned. "What were you talking about?" he said.

Much Too Much. We eat too much. We heat too much. We try too much to beat too much. We growl too much. We scowl too much. We play the midnight owl too much.

We ape too much. We gape too much, and dally with red tape too much. We treat too much, and cheat too much, and fear to face defeat too much.

We buy too much. We lie too much, and snivel and deny too much. We save too much, and slave too much, with one foot in the grave too much.

We sit too much. We spit too much, wear shoes too tight to fit too much. We mess too much and dress too much; in sixteen suits or less too much.

We spite too much. We fight too much and seek the great white light too much. We read too much. We speed too much, his dope and use the wheel too much. We drink too much. We drink too much. I think we even think too much.—Oscar Schleif, in Health Culture.

Tender. "She's tenderhearted." "So?"

"Yes. She says she couldn't think of planting potatoes if she has to cut out their eyes to do it."

It Does. "Three moves are as bad as a fire." "And one visit of the paperhangers beats a cyclone."

Pa Knew. "Pa, what is a silent partner?" "Most any married man, son, when his wife's around," mumbled pop.

## Canada's Liberal Offer of Wheat Land to Settlers

is open to you—to every farmer or farmer's son who is anxious to establish for himself a happy home and prosperity. Canada's hearty invitation this year is more attractive than ever. Wheat is much higher, but her fertile farm land just as cheap, and in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta

160 Acres Homesteads are Actually Free to Settlers and Other Land Sold at \$15 to \$20 per Acre. The great demand for Canadian Wheat will keep up the price. Where a farmer can get near \$2 for wheat and raise 20 to 45 bushels to the acre he is bound to make money—that's what you can expect in Western Canada. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed Farming in Western Canada is fully as profitable as an industry as grain raising.

The excellent grasses, full of nutrition, are the only food required either for beef or dairy purposes. Good schools, churches, markets, convenient climate excellent. There is an unusual demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for the war. Write for literature and information to the nearest immigration office to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to

M. V. MacINNIS  
176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.  
Canadian Government Agent

## METZ Le Veque-Bastion Motor Sales Co.

86 Jeff Ave. STATE DISTRIBUTORS Detroit  
CARS \$685 WRITE FOR CATALOG D.

## Carter's Little Liver Pills

Make you feel the joy of living. It is impossible to be happy or feel good when you are CONSTIPATED

This old remedy will set you right over night.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price, But Great in Every Other Way

PALLID PEOPLE Usually Need Iron in the Blood, Try CARTER'S IRON PILLS





# FISK

## NON-SKID TIRES

MADE in three styles to meet the requirements of every car owner—the all Grey, the Black tread with grey side walls, and the famous Red Top (name registered) Tire de Luxe. Users of these tires know by actual road experience that there isn't any greater dollar-for-dollar tire value anywhere.

"When you pay more than Fisk prices you pay for something that does not exist."

Fisk Tires For Sale By

GEORGE BURKE

### Protect the Pine Trees.

The Goodfellowship club wishes to register a protest against the ruthless cutting of valuable trees for decorative purposes at social functions. In the past it would seem selection of a tree has been made with only the thought of its value in pleasing the eye after being cut down and set up for ornamentation, losing sight of the fact that if left it will always increase in value, and that much of the life of our Michigan forests depends on the careful and thoughtful selection for decorative purposes of trees and shrubbery which have no commercial value.

We hear much about the conservation of our Michigan forests and to the Association which has this in charge, belongs the duty of taking steps to prevent the useless waste occasioned by carelessness along this line.

Let us all however in our small way work together with the view of protecting our beautiful and valuable trees, however small, or the proverbial pine forests of Michigan will indeed be a thing of the past.

### How Old Will You Be At Fifty.

Will you be 50 years old or 50 years young? Kidney troubles make many a person old, when really they should be young. Don't be one of the old. Take a kidney tablet as you would a cathartic. Dr. Navaun's kidney tablets are best, 50c at your druggist A. M. Lewis.

### Whooping Cough.

In this disease it is important that the cough be kept loose and expectoration easy, which can be done by giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mrs. P. H. Martin, Peru, Ind., writes: "My two daughters had whooping cough. I gave them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it worked like a charm."

## Correspondence.

**Lovells.**  
Mr. and Mrs. David Schiabe of Grayling enjoyed the Gléauer meeting held last Wednesday by Mr. Houghtby.

T. E. Douglas, his mother Mrs. E. Douglas, and Margaret Douglas motored to Grayling and Frederic Tuesday.

M. Parker, of Detroit who has purchased land of T. E. Douglas has already begun his building.

Mr. Chas. Eschmann of Detroit joined part of his family Monday and will spend the summer at their cottage on Big Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Lyntz and babe, and Mr. and Mrs. C. Stillwagon spent Sunday at the Eschmann cottage.

A party of friends with Mr. Leykauff of Detroit are enjoying an outing at the latter's cottage.

Margaret Douglas left Wednesday for a few days visit with relatives in West Branch.

Mrs. McCormick who has been quite sick in West Branch, returned to her home in Lovells Wednesday morning.

Jane Armond, one of the helpers at "The North Branch Outing Club" is enjoying a few days with her parents near West Branch.

Sixteen men between the required ages registered in Lovells Tuesday, June 5th.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Rase returned to their home in Bay City after spending a short visit with his brother, Fred Rase and family.

Mr. Houghtby, a supreme member of the A. O. G. O., held a very interesting meeting with the Lovells Arbor last week Wednesday. Everybody enjoyed his lecture, as it was a very instructive one. He expects to be present again June 18th at the Arbor's regular meeting.

Last Thursday morning about 3:00 o'clock, the house of Mr. and Mrs. Nephew, and all its contents was completely destroyed by fire. It is supposed the lamp to a chicken brooder, which they had in the house, had exploded and was the cause of the fire. The brooder contained about 80 young chicks. This sure means a great loss to the Nephew family, as he had no insurance. The family are staying at the home of Mrs. Nephew's mother, Mrs. Joe Duby, until another house can be erected.

### Coy News.

H. C. Newton and family were callers at the home of O. B. Scott Thursday evening.

The many friends of Hubbard Head are sorry to hear he is not improving from his sickness very fast.

Miss Marguerite Scott spent a few days with Miss Elsie Overmyer near Higgins lake.

Mrs. Geo. Royce was a caller at the home of Joseph Royce.

Mrs. Sophia McGillis returned Saturday from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Albert Charron of Frederic.

Miss Beth Waterman, teacher at Eldorado, spent a few days with Miss Marguerite Scott.

E. B. Hollowell purchased a new Ford last week.

O. B. Scott and wife were callers at the home of H. C. Newton Sunday evening.

Highway Commissioner James Williams is doing some road work on the section line between section 30 and 31.

Vernon Scott spent Monday evening with his brother, O. B. Scott.

James Peterson, while putting up a clothes line Saturday received a shock from lightning, which caused him to raise about two feet from the ground, and nearly scared the old rooster to death, but no serious damage was done either to Jim or the rooster.

### Eldorado Nuggets.

Fred Brooks finished his term of school in the Weber district and returned to his home in Fairview last week.

The Flag Pole raising held at the Eldorado School House under the auspices of the Literary Club was well attended. A good patriotic program was rendered by members of the Club and school. Rev. Ira Kinney of Roscommon was the speaker of the day, and gave a fine address on the duties of citizenship. A pot luck supper was served after which the school house was given over to the young people, who proceeded to have a jolly time dancing. Later all went home, tired but happy. The next meeting of the Club will be held Saturday evening, June 16th. Subject, "Revolutionary War."

Mr. Hubbard Head is still ill, his condition being reported as no better.

Mr. and Mrs. William Deeter and daughter, Helen, and Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Hagaman were entertained at the Hartman home Sunday.

Miss Beth Waterman, teacher of our school, spent the week-end with Miss Marguerite Scott of Coy.

News has just been received here of the enlistment in the 31st Michigan, of one of our former neighbor boys, Harry J. Kellogg of Detroit.

Burton Williams, who for some time has been employed near Mio, spent Sunday at home.

Has a Good Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"Chamberlain's Tablets are a wonder. I never sold anything that beat them," writes F. B. Tressey, Richmond, Ky. When troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial.

### Council Proceedings.

A special meeting of the common council of the Village of Grayling convened at the Town hall Monday evening, May 28, 1917. Meeting called to order by C. A. Canfield, president pro tem. Trustees present: Jorgenson, Milks, Roberts, Lewis, McCullough and Canfield. Absent—None.

Finance Committee's report read, to wit:

To the President and members of the Common Council:

Your committee on Finance, Claims and Accounts recommend that we raise the following proportions of taxes for the ensuing year, on the total valuation of the Village, per assessor's report, to wit:

30.100 of 1% for Contingent Fund.  
35.100 of 1% for Highway Fund.  
5.100 of 1% for Sewer Fund.

Respectfully submitted.  
W. Jorgenson, A. L. Roberts, F. H. Milks, Committee.

Moved by Jorgenson and supported by McCullough that the report be accepted, and appropriations made accordingly. Motion carried.

Moved by Roberts and supported by Lewis that we adjourn. Motion carried.

T. P. Peterson, Village Clerk.

### Card of Thanks.

We extend our sincere thanks and appreciation to the G. A. R. ladies, the Rebekah ladies, and the neighbors and friends for the many acts of kindness, and the sympathy shown us during our late bereavement.

Mr. Ambrose Cross.  
Mr. and Mrs. A. McClellan.  
Mrs. C. F. LaRue.

### ALL WRONG.

The Mistake Is Made by Many Grayling Citizens.

Look for the cause of backache. To be cured you must know the cause.

If it's weak kidneys you must get the kidneys working right.

A Grayling woman tells you how.

Mrs. F. Serven, Park St., Grayling, says: "I was bothered at times with a weak and lame back and often the small of my back was sore and ached dreadfully. The kidney secretions were irregular in passage and I felt tired and languid. I have used Doan's Kidney Pills, which I got at Lewis' Drug Store, for this trouble and have never failed to relieve me, riding me of the complaint."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Serven uses. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

FOR QUICK RESULTS USE OUR WANT COLUMN—The Cost Is Small.

**Catarrh Cannot be Cured**

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonic known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O. All Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

**An Ordinance relative to regulating the use of bicycles, motorcycles, roller skates and carts in the village of Grayling, Michigan; and to provide penalties for violations thereof.**

The Village of Grayling ordains: Section 1.—All persons using bicycles, motorcycles, roller skates and carts within the Village of Grayling shall conform to the rules in this ordinance set forth.

Section 2.—Bicycles shall not be driven upon the sidewalks in said Village at a speed greater than five miles an hour and neither bicycles nor motorcycles shall be driven at other places in said village at a speed greater than ten miles per hour.

Section 3.—Bicycles and Roller skates, shall not be driven, nor carts coasted on any sidewalk within the territory of said Village bounded by and included within the center line of Ogumaw street, the center line of Chestnut street, the center line of Main street and the Michigan Central railroad; and motorcycles shall not be driven upon any sidewalk within the said Village of Grayling.

Section 4.—Each bicycle and motorcycle driven within said Village shall be equipped with a bell or horn capable of giving sufficient warning of its approach, and, during the hours from sunset to sunrise, shall be equipped with a suitable headlight which shall be kept lighted.

Section 5.—It shall be unlawful for any person to drive a bicycle or motorcycle curving to and fro upon any of the streets or public places within said Village, or to drive the same without having their hands upon the handle bars of the same, or for more than two persons to ride abreast thereon.

Section 6.—It shall be unlawful for two persons to ride at the same time a bicycle or motorcycle built for one person.

Section 7.—Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be fined not less than one dollar nor more than one hundred dollars or imprisoned in the County jail or the Detroit House of Correction for a period of not more than ninety days or both, in the discretion of the court, for every such violation.

Section 8.—This Ordinance shall take effect twenty days from the day of its passage.

Passed, ordained and ordered published this fourth day of June, 1917.  
T. P. Peterson, Village Clerk.  
C. A. Canfield, Village President Pro Tem.

FOR QUICK RESULTS USE OUR WANT COLUMN—The Cost Is Small.

### Cholera Morbus.

This is a very painful and dangerous disease. In almost every neighborhood some one has died from it before medicine could be obtained or a physician summoned. The right way is to have a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea remedy in the house so as to be prepared for it. Mrs. Charles Enyeart, Huntington, Ind., writes: "During the summer of 1911 two of my children were taken sick with cholera morbus. I used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea remedy and it gave them immediate relief."

State of Michigan.  
The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, In Chancery.

Della Sullendar, Complainant,  
vs.  
John Sullendar, Defendant.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford in Chancery, at the Village of Grayling in said County, on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1917.

In this cause it appearing from affidavit on file, that the defendant John Sullendar is a resident of this State, but his present residence cannot be ascertained, after careful inquiry and search, so that process for his appearance cannot be served, though duly issued and returned, not served. On motion of O. Palmer, complainant's solicitor it is ordered that the said defendant John Sullendar cause his appearance to be entered herein within three months from the date of this order and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by the said defendant.

And it is Further Ordered, That within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Crawford Avalanche a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that she cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.

Nelson Sharpe, Circuit Judge.  
O. Palmer, Solicitor for Complainant. 5-24-6

### Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN  
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford

At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the Village of Grayling in said county, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1917.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Peter Willett deceased.

John J. Riess having filed in said court his petition, praying for license to sell the interest of said estate in certain real estate therein described, and personal property at private sale. It is ordered, that the 10th day of June, A. D. 1917, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition, and that said John J. Riess and all persons interested in said estate appear before said court, at said time and place, to show cause why a license to sell the interest of said estate in said real estate should not be granted.

It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper, printed and circulated in said county.

OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate.  
A true copy. OSCAR PALMER, Judge of Probate. 5-31-3

**CRATY'S DISTEMPER REMEDY**  
guaranteed for Diphtheria, Coughs, Colds, Influenza and Pink Eye or money refunded. It will pay you to keep a bottle on hand as a preventive.  
**Beware of Imitations**  
Large Bottle \$1.00 Small Size 50c  
For Sale by  
A. M. LEWIS

### Manistee & N. E. R. R. Time Card

Read Down.		Read Up.	
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
17.00	12.35	iv Grayling at	11.50
8.11	12.43	iv Resort	11.40
8.18	3.07	iv Sigma	11.12
9.24	3.30	iv Rowley	12.46
11.40	3.55	iv Walton	12.20
1.10	4.31	iv Buckley	11.03
1.45	4.46	iv Gengarry	10.39
5.22	5.29	iv Rr Brch	9.51
5.59	5.59	iv Kaleva	9.55
5.59	5.59	iv Chief lake	9.45
5.59	5.59	iv Norwalk	9.39
6.17	5.59	iv Manistee	9.15

Read Down.		Read Up.	
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
17.25	13.00	iv Manistee at	11.40
8.11	3.47	iv Kaleva	10.34
8.35	4.15	iv Copemish	10.10
8.43	4.22	iv Nessen Cy	9.55
9.23	4.53	iv Platte Rvr	9.23
9.31	5.01	iv Lake Ann	9.14
9.53	5.05	iv Solon	8.37
9.53	5.21	iv Rr Brch	8.51
10.15	5.35	iv TraverseC	8.35
		iv A. M. P. M.	

† Daily, except Sunday.  
\* Local freight trains.

Have You a Cold—or the Grip, with Sore Throat and Leg ache? Then stop it.

### DR. NAVAUN'S GRIP CAPSULES

They will cure "La Grippe" or a cold in 24 hours, or money refunded. No Quinine and no ringing in the head. They move the bowels gently, without griping.

E. S. NAVAUN, M. D., Detroit, Mich.  
Sold at all Drug Stores 25c per Box

## HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil

(COMPOUND)  
For Piles or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning. One application brings relief. Two sizes, 25c. and \$1.00, at all druggists or mailed.

Send Free Sample of Oil to

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Company,  
156 William Street, New York.

## SICK ANIMALS

A BIG BOOK on diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs and Poultry, mailed free. Humphreys' Veterinary Medicines, 156 William Street, New York.

## Automobile Owners

### Take Notice

Now is the time to get your automobiles painted if they need painting or cleaned and polished to make them look neat and like new.

Prices on painting cars of all makes cheerfully given, according to what you want done in the way of painting, etc. Don't wait until too late in the spring.

## Conrad Sorenson

Painter and Decorator

## Drs. Insley & Keyport

## Physicians & Surgeons

Office over Lewis' Drug Store  
Office Hours—2-4, 7-8 p. m. Mornings and Sundays by appointment.  
Residence on Peninsula Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

## Bank of Grayling

Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.  
MARIUS HANSON  
Proprietors.

Interest paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accommodations extended that are consistent with safe and conservative banking.

MARIUS HANSON, Cashier.

## Dr. J. J. LOVE DENTIST

Phone 1271.  
Hours: 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.  
Office: Upstairs next to postoffice.

## C. A. Canfield, D. D. S. DENTIST

OFFICE:  
Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue.  
Office hours: 8:30-11 a. m. 1-3:30 p. m.

## J. Atwood Whitaker, M. D. Physician and Surgeon

Office over Central Drug Store.  
Office hours 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.  
Residence on Maple street, first residence from Michigan avenue.  
Office phone 842.  
Residence phone 303.

## GLEN SMITH Attorney and Solicitor,

Prosecuting Attorney  
Fire Insurance  
GRAYLING, MICH.  
Phone 15-L.

## O. Palmer ATTORNEY AT LAW

FIRE INSURANCE, and REAL ESTATE  
Office in Avalanche Building

## O. P. Schumann

Justice of the Peace  
At Avalanche Office

## AUCTIONEER

Business solicited. Good experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. Address

A. ELLIS  
Route 1, Roscommon, Mich.

## Grayling Monday, June 18

WAIT FOR US, WE ARE SURELY COMING!

**LATENA'S BIG 3 RING WILD ANIMAL CIRCUS**  
THE SHOW THAT'S DIFFERENT

COLLA TENA

WAIT FOR A REAL SHOW IT COSTS NO MORE

PRESENTS MORE WILD ANIMAL ACTS THAN ALL OTHER SHOWS COMBINED.

...Superbly Entertaining Program of Thrilling and Amazing Acts...  
Past Graduates of Equestrianism, Animal Education, Acrobatic Gymnasts, Aerialists, Contortionists, Trick Riders, Racing, Wonder Workers and Specialties.

## The Only Big Responsible Show Coming This Season

TWO TRAINS OF DOUBLE LENGTH! CARS WILL BRING IT TO YOU.

GRAND FREE STREET PARADE AT 10:30 A.M.

Startling Sensational EXHIBITION  
Immediately Upon Return of Parade to the Show Grounds.

2 Complete Performances Daily--2  
Afternoon and Night. Doors Open at 1 and 7.  
Performances one hour later.

...Special Round Trip Excursions...  
ON ALL RAILROADS TO THE BIG SHOW.

PARADE AT NOON NOT 10:30



# CRAWFORD AVALANCHE

GRAYLING, CRAWFORD COUNTY, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, MARCH 22, 1917.

## ANNUAL TAX SALE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,  
County of Crawford.

The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, in Chancery.  
In the matter of the petition of Oramel B. Fuller, Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said State, for the sale of certain lands for taxes assessed thereon.  
On reading and filing the petition of the Auditor General of the State of Michigan, praying for a decree in favor of the State of Michigan, against each parcel of land therein described, for the amounts therein specified, claimed to be due for taxes, interest and charges on each such parcel of land, and that such lands be sold for the amounts so claimed by the State of Michigan.  
It is ordered that said petition will be brought on for hearing and decree at the regular term of this Court, to be held at Grayling in the County of Crawford, State of Michigan, on the ninth day of April, A. D. 1917, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that all persons interested in such lands or any part thereof, desiring to contest the lien claimed thereon by the State of Michigan, for such taxes, interest and charges, or any part thereof, shall appear in said Court, and file with the clerk thereof, their objections thereto on or before the first day of the term of this Court above mentioned, and that in default thereof the same will be taken as confessed and a decree will be taken and entered as prayed for in said petition. And it is further ordered that in pursuance of said decree the lands described in said petition for which a decree of sale shall be made, will be sold for the several taxes, interest and charges thereon as determined by such decree, on the first Tuesday in May thereafter, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. on said day, or on the day or days subsequent thereto as may be necessary to complete the sale of said lands and of each and every parcel thereof, or if no person will pay the taxes and charges and take a conveyance of less than the entire thereof, then the whole parcel shall be offered and sold. If any parcel of land cannot be sold for taxes, interest and charges, such parcel shall be passed over for the time being and shall, on the succeeding day, or before the close of the sale, be reoffered, and if, on such second offer, or during such sale, the same cannot be sold for the amount aforesaid, the County Treasurer shall bid off the same in the name of the State.

Witness, the Hon. Nelson Sharpe, Circuit Judge, and the seal of said Circuit Court of Crawford County, this 23rd day of January, A. D. 1917.

NELSON SHARPE,  
Circuit Judge.

FRANK SALES, Clerk.

## STATE OF MICHIGAN.

To the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, in Chancery.  
The petition of Oramel B. Fuller, Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said State, respectfully shows that the list of lands hereinafter set forth and marked "Schedule A," contains a description of all the lands in said County of Crawford upon which taxes were assessed for the years mentioned therein, and which were returned as delinquent for non-payment of taxes, and which taxes have not been paid, together with the total amount of such taxes, with interest computed thereon to the time fixed for sale, and collection fee and expenses, as provided by law, extended against each of said parcels of land.

Your petitioner further shows that the Court that said lands were returned to the Auditor General under the provisions of Act 206 of the Public Acts of 1893, as delinquent for non-payment of said taxes for said years respectively, and that said taxes remain unpaid, except that lands included in said "Schedule A" for taxes of 1890 or prior years were returned to the Auditor General as delinquent for said taxes under the provisions of the general tax laws in force prior to the passage of Act 200 of the Public Acts of 1891.

Your petitioner further shows that in all cases where lands are included in "Schedule A" as aforesaid for taxes of 1890 or of any prior year, said lands have not been sold for said taxes or have been heretofore sold for said taxes and the sale of said lands so made have been set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction, or have been cancelled as provided by law.

Your petitioner further shows and avers that the taxes, interest, collection fee and expenses as set forth in said "Schedule A," are a valid lien on the several parcels of lands described in said schedule.  
Your petitioner further shows that the said taxes on said described lands have remained unpaid for more than one year after they were returned as delinquent; and the said taxes not having been paid, and the same being now due and remaining unpaid as above set forth, your petitioner prays a decree in favor of the State of Michigan against each parcel of said lands, for the payment of the several amounts of taxes, interest, collection fee and expenses, as computed and extended in said schedule against the several parcels of land contained therein, and in default of payment of the said several sums computed and extended against said lands, that each of said parcels of land may be sold for the amounts due thereon, as provided by law, to pay the lien aforesaid.

And your petitioner prays ever pray, etc.  
Dated, January 27th, 1917.

ORAMEL B. FULLER,  
Auditor General of the State of Michigan,  
for and in behalf of said State.

## SCHEDULE A.

### TAXES OF 1912.

#### THIRD ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK

Block.	Acres.	100ths.	Amount of taxes.	Interest.	Collection fee.	Charges.	Total.
lot 33	2	23	12	01	1 00		1 36

#### FIFTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK

lots 49 and 50	16	45	23	02	1 00		1 70
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### TAXES OF 1913.

#### TOWNSHIP 26 NORTH OF RANGE 4 WEST.

Section.	Acres.	100ths.	Amount of taxes.	Interest.	Collection fee.	Charges.	Total.
s w 1/4 of n w 1/4	40	17	3 08	1 17	12	1 00	5 37

### TAXES OF 1914.

#### TOWNSHIP 25 NORTH OF RANGE 1 WEST.

Section.	Acres.	100ths.	Amount of taxes.	Interest.	Collection fee.	Charges.	Total.
lot 1	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66

lot 2	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 3	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 4	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 5	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 6	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 7	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 8	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 9	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 10	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 11	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 12	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 13	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 14	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 15	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 16	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 17	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 18	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 19	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 20	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 21	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 22	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 23	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 24	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 25	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 26	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 27	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 28	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 29	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 30	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 31	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 32	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 33	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 34	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 35	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 36	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 37	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 38	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 39	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 40	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 41	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 42	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 43	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 44	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 45	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 46	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 47	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 48	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 49	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 50	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 51	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 52	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 53	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 54	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 55	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 56	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 57	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 58	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 59	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 60	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 61	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 62	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 63	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 64	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 65	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 66	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 67	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 68	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 69	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 70	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 71	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 72	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 73	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 74	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 75	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 76	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 77	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 78	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 79	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 80	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 81	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 82	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 83	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 84	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 85	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 86	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 87	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 88	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 89	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 90	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 91	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 92	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 93	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 94	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 95	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 96	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 97	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 98	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 99	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66
lot 100	80	17 78	8 97	2 33	36	1 00	12 66

se 1/4 of a w 1/4	19	47	40	2 47	64	10	1 00	4 21
se 1/4 of a e 1/4	19	40	40	2 12	55	08	1 00	3 75
se 1/4 of a e 1/4	19	80	40	2 23	1 10	17	1 00	6 50
se 1/4 of a e 1/4	19	80	40	2 47	64	10	1 00	4 21
se 1/4 of a w 1/4	20	40	40	2 47	64	10	1 00	4 21
se 1/4 of a w 1/4	20	80	40	2 23	2 06	32	1 00	11 82
se 1/4 of a w 1/4	20	80	40	2 12	55	08	1 00	3 75
se 1/4 of a e 1/4	20	80	40	2 47	2 06	32	1 00	11 82
se 1/4 of a w 1/4 except one square acre in the northeast corner of the	20	80	40	2 47	2 06	32	1 00	11 82
se 1/4 of a w 1/4 used for cemetery	20	80	40	2 47	2 06	32	1 00	11 82
se 1/4 of a w 1/4	22	80	40	2 12	55	08	1 00	3 75
se 1/4 of a w 1/4	22	80	40	2 12	55	08	1 00	3 75
se 1/4 of a e 1/4	24	40	40	2 56	67	10	1 00	4 33
se 1/4 of a e 1/4	27	80	40	4 71	1 22	10	1 00	7 12
se 1/4 of a e 1/4	27	80	40	4 71	1 22	10	1 00	7 12
se 1/4 of a w 1/4	27	80	40	4 71	1 22	10	1 00	7 12
se 1/4 of a w 1/4	27	40	40	2 86	1 09	09	1 00	4 08



VILLAGE OF GRAYLING							PORTAGE HEIGHTS							THIRD ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							FIFTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
Block	Acres	100ths	Amount of taxes	Interest	Collection fee	Charges	Block	Acres	100ths	Amount of taxes	Interest	Collection fee	Charges	Block	Acres	100ths	Amount of taxes	Interest	Collection fee	Charges	Block	Acres	100ths	Amount of taxes	Interest	Collection fee	Charges
lot 1	18	16 33	4 25	85	1 00	22 23	lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60	15	14 33	3 25	85	1 00	22 23	lot 38	6	5 33	1 25	85	1 00	22 23	lot 39	6	5 33	1 25	85	1 00	22 23
Original Plat.							PORTAGE LAKE PARK							FOURTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							SIXTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
O. M. Barnes' Addition.							FIRST ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							FIFTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							SEVENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
Martha M. Brink's Addition.							SECOND ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							SIXTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							EIGHTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
Martha M. Brink's Second Addition.							THIRD ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							NINTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							TENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
Goodale's Addition.							FOURTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							FIFTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							SIXTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
Hadley's Amended Addition.							FIFTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							SIXTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							SEVENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
Hadley's Second Addition.							SIXTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							SEVENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							EIGHTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
Hadley's Third Addition.							SEVENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							EIGHTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							NINTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
Roffee's Addition.							EIGHTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							NINTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							TENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
Salling, Hanson & Co. Addition.							NINTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							TENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							ELEVENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
VILLAGE OF PERE CHENY.							TENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							ELEVENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							TWELFTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
GRAYLING PARK.							ELEVENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							TWELFTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							THIRTEENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
OAK HILL PARK.							TWELFTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							THIRTEENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							FOURTEENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
PORTAGE HEIGHTS.							THIRTEENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							FOURTEENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK							FIFTEENTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK						
lot 12	11	28	07	01	1 00	1 36	lot 47	5	28	07	01	1 00	1 36	lot 48	5	28	07	01	1 00	1 36	lot 49	5	28	07	01	1 00	1 36